THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

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German Legends and Traditions.

I believe there is no country in the world utterly devoid of superstition in one form or other. Germany is generally considered to be the land of legends and traditions, yet the part in which I have lately resided, is, I think, the least political corner of Europe. In Silesia, which was formerly a Polish province, scarcely is a vestige of ancient grandeur to be found, and nothing can be more matter of fact, unrelieved by the least fancy or imagination than both the habits and tastes of its inhabitants; yet even there, amidst those unpoetic plains, romance, tradition, fiction, call it what you will, has found some channel and from time to time threads its way through the commonplace tittle-tattle of this most prosaic era.

Whilst staying at the small garrison town of N——, I was invited to a "coffee party," an entertainment generally given to ladies alone, the *un*-fair sex being rigorously excluded. The Frau Landrathin von G—— had assembled round her hospitable board a numerous party of ladies from the neighborhood, and extensive were the preparations made for their delectation. The younger members of the circle might probably have considered that an invasion of some of the uniformed youths, of whom the town was then full, would not altogether have marred the enjoyment of the endless refreshments set before them; but the rule of exclusion was stringent as the laws of the Medes and Persians, so they were fain to make the best of existing circumstances, and wile away the time by discussing the merits of absent friends—male and female. A little scandal, or "klatschen," as it is called in German, is a necessary ingredient in all small assemblies, and, if report speaks truly, is an amusement not exclusively confined to the weaker sex.

On this occasion the conversation became all the more lively for being interspersed with repeated sips at that delectable composition called "Bowle." This is a bev rage of which Rhine wine, pine apple sugar, and champagne form the principal ingredients; when mixed with due skill and science, the flavor is ambrosial, and it is particularly favored by the ladies as being more delicate and refined than the ordinary vinous beverages.

Who knows how many characters would have been torn to pieces, or matches made or even unmade, on that afternoon, had not our good hostess chanced to express her admiration of a pearl necklace, of great value, worn by one of her guests.

"It is more curious than beautiful," rejoined the wearer; "you know it is the famous Malzhan necklace."

"What, *the* necklace!" exclaimed all the ladies, in chorus. "Oh, pray let us see it!"

I inquired into the cause of all this curiosity, and as a few besides myself professed ignorance of the generally well-known story, the countess was kind enough to relate it for our benefit.

THE PEARL NECKLACE.

"You must know, then," said she, "that one of our ancestors, a Count Malzhan, inhabited at a very remote period the Castle of Militsch, in Silesia. He was married to a very beautiful young lady, and in due course of time became the happy father of a son and heir, whose birth was greeted by the most joyous festivities in Castle and Hall.

"Shortly after the child's birth, as the young mother had fallen into a deep slumber, she had a strange dream, or vision, which made so deep an impression on her mind, that she could not refrain from relating it the next day. She dreamt that a little dwarf had appeared at the bottom of her couch, and that he had begged and prayed her in the most piteous tones to have her baby's cradle removed from the spot on which it stood, as the rocking, he said, disturbed his wife, who was very ill, and could not sleep for the noise. The poor countess only got laughed at for her foolish dream. The next night, however, her troublesome guest re-appeared, this time urging the request with still greater earnestness; she therefore determined no longer to withstand his entreaties, and the next day had the baby and his cradle removed to the other end of the room. The ensuing night, the little man again visited her in her dreams, but this time in high spirits, thanking her profu ely for her kind acquiescence in his wishes, und assuring her that his wife was already fast recovering in consequence.

"The countess was well pleased when the vision disappeared, and left her for some time in peace. Relief, however, was not of long duration, and a few weeks later the poor lady's dreams were again disturbed by the same apparition. This time the little dwarf had no intention of again dislodging the poor baby or his cradle, but he made strong objections to the nurse's habit of throwing away the water from the child's bath through the ordinary channel. He declared that every particle of it pattered down, drop by drop, on his unfortunate wife's head, and that if the countess would not deign to order her servants to throw away the child's bath on some other spot, his beloved wife must perish. The good countess got rather impatient at these constant appeals to her good-nature, and determined not to be so foolish as to attach any importance to a mere dream; but the little man was not to be so easily put off—he appeared to her every evening, and was so importunate that, for the sake of peace and quietness, she was fain to order the child's bath to be emptied in another corner of the castle. No sooner had this taken place, than once more the little man presented himself to her in her dreams, thanking her most gratefully for her kindness.

"'My wife is now quite restored,' added he, 'all danger is past. This blessing I owe to you, most gracious lady, and I wish to offer you a small token of my gratitude. Deign to accept this necklace—it ought never to go out of your family, and if kept it will always foretell the death of the Countess Malzhan, by one of its pearls turning black by degrees, at the demise of each lady of this race.'

"When the young Countess awoke, what was her surprise to perceive a pearl necklace lying on the coverlid before her! This very same necklace that I now wear is the ominous present of the troublesome little dwarf!

"My story is not at an end yet," added the Countess, smiling, as she was about to be interrupted. She resumed.

"Some hundred years ago, a very rough, wild Count Malzhan was the proprietor of the Chateau Militisch. He was a great sportsman, and fond of heavy potations, as gentlemen were wont to be in those days. He often had a wild, noisy set of companions about him, and thus scared away from his table his delicate, refined, and beautiful young wife. One evening, when these rough sportsmen had been drinking hard around the oaken table in the tower of Militisch Castle, the conversation happened to turn upon the mysterious necklace, which had acquired great celebrity from the fact that whenever a Countess of Malzhan died, one of the pearls really did turn black. Some questions arose as to the quality of the stones, it having been asserted by jewelers that although bearing a strong resemblance to pearls, the stones were of no earthly composition, and so hard that it was perfectly impossible to break them. At the request of his guests, the count sent to his lady, begging her to lend her necklace for their inspection. She did not like to part with it, and made an excuse; whereupon her lord and master waxed wrath, and ordered her to send him the trinket, on pain of his serious displeasure. The poor countess complied, though unwillingly; the necklace was brought, handed about, examined, and many were the bets made as to its solidity. One of the knights declared he could split one of the pearls with his sword. Wagers were laid for and against. He struck the blow with dreadful violence, but the pearl remained unscathed. Suddenly, however, a dreadful peal of thunder was heard; the lightning struck upon the old tower where they were seated, which crumbled to pieces, burying the half-drunken knights under the rush of falling stones. Many were drawn out merely wounded, but the imprudent knight who had tried his strength on unearthly things was struck dead. The pearl necklace was found, and as you see, has been ever since carefully preserved, but they never have been able to rebuild the tower of Militisch. It is said that whatever part is built during the day falls in during the night; so that after many fruitless attempts to overcome the spell, it has been given up altogether. The only certain part of the story is," added the countess, "that this old necklace still retains its strange power of marking the death of each successive owner, by one of its pearls turning black. I often look at them, to see if another pearl is not beginning to assume a grey tint, which will be a sure sign of my approaching death!"

We all looked with much interest at the handsome features of the amiable old lady, who had so kindly related this family legend for our benefit, and heartily wished that her pearls might long retain their pure white hue, which strongly contrasted with the seventeen that had already put on their mourning for the deceased chatelaines, and which really have a very dingy tint.

The die was cast—strange stories had become the order of the evening. The formerly interesting topics of family quarrels, suspected flirtations, misbehaved servants, &c., had suddenly lost their charm, and a tide of family traditions and ghost stories came rushing in from all sides, a torrent which nothing but the fear of late hours and bad roads could stem. I will only record the tales which struck me as most authentic, because they were told by members of the families in which they had occurred.

THE PORTRAIT.

"You all know that beautiful picture of my brother-in-law, the Born Tettau, which hangs in the picture-gllery at home, do you not?" inquired a pale, delecate-looking lady, with light blue eyes and flaxen hair. "That picture was painted by Angelica Kaufman, and is considered to be one of her best works. He is taken in full uniform, as a smart young officer of the Guards, which he then was, and the portrait was painted on the occasion of his marriage, which, unfortunately, gave him but a short span of happiness, as his young wife died a year after, leaving him a sweet little daughter in token of her love. This child was brought up in the country, under the surveillance of a governess, and very near to the residence of her grandmother, the old Baroness von Tettau.

"We were one evening all assembled at supper—that is to say, all except my brother-in-law, who had just joined his regiment, and was daily expecting to take an active part in the contest against Napoleon's hated troops. His mother looked up with tender and admiring eyes at the handsome portrait hanging opposite to her, and exclaimed, with a sigh, 'Where may my poor Franz be just now!" the tears gathering fast in her eyes at the thought of the perils he was about to encounter. Scarcely had the words been uttered when a crash was heard, and down came the picture! Strange to say, the nail on which it had hung had not moved: it seemed to have been jolted off the hook by a sudden jerk. We were all depressed by this unaccountable accident, and I had some difficulty in calming my poor mother-in-law, who persisted in regarding it as an omen that something dreadful had happened. Her fears were but too soon verified. A few days later the news reached us that my brother-in-law had been sent to reconnoitre, and that a stray shot had killed him on the spot, at the very hour when his portrait had fallen down at his father's home.

"Time, which heals all wounds, even the deepest, had passed over this circumstance, and we were once more seated together at supper in the same dingng-room as before. It was rather late, for we had been paying a visit to the little orphan girl, Baron Tettau's daughter, and had waited there to speak with the doctor, as she had not been well. He declared, however, that she was much better, quite free from fever, and assured us that there was not the slightest cause for anxiety. We therefore returned home, and, as I said before, were seated at supper, when again a crash, and, without any apparent cause, down came my brother-in-law's portrait to the ground. This time our alarm was excusable. We at once dispatched a messenger on horseback to inquire after the little girl, but he returned almost immediately, having been met half way by the bearer of a missive from the governess, conveying the shocking intelligence that the dear little child had died suddenly in a fit!

"It will readily be believed that my brother-in-law's portrait, beautiful as it was, had now become an object of superstition, almost of aversion, in the family; it was therefore removed from the dining-room, and carefully hung in a large hall filled with family pictures, which we call 'the gallery.' My husband had selected a place for it over the entrance-door, where it was partly hidden, as he wished to spare his poor mother as much as possible the painful reminiscences which the sight of the fatal picture was sure to awaken.

"Many years elapsed—indeed, it is but ten years ago since my much regretted father-in-law died. My poor husband was, as you all know, deeply affected at his loss: he tended his poor father through his last illness with the most devoted affection and tenderness, and after the last sad parting, when we women, overcome with sorrow and fatigue, had retired to our rooms, he still remained sitting by his father's corpse. After some time he became uneasy, and could no longer bear the dead silence of the chamber of death. He got up, paced to and fro, and almost unconsciously bent his steps towards the gallery. He endeavored to enter, but some impediment closed the way. He pushed the door with force, and in so doing removed his brother's picture, which had again fallen to the floor!

"Since that time no death in the family has occurred, but we are of course all convinced that the same thing will happen when any one of us is called to his or her last account."

This lady's story was told with so much simplicity and good feeling that all present were impressed with the conviction of its truthfulness, the more so that the narrator bears the highest character for veracity and straightforwardness.

Another tale related on this occasion is to be found in many old German books, but except to readers well versed in the lore of ancient German legend, it is probably quite unknown. It was told me by a near and dear friend of mine, a member of the family to whom this tradition belongs, and a person in whose veracity I place the greatest possible confidence. Thus, then, runs the tale:

THE GOLD RING.

"In olden times there lived a most beautiful, pious, and amiable Frau von Alvensleben, who was respected and beloved by her friends and the high and mighty of the land, and looked up to and adored by her dependents and the poor, who for many miles around felt the benefit of her loving charities. This favorite of fortune and nature had, however, one drop of gall mixed in her cup of happiness, which had well nigh embittered the whole of her precious gifts. She was childless, and it was no small grief to her lord as well as to herself to be denied an heir to their noble name and vast possessions. Frequently, when more than usually oppressed by sad thoughts, she would wander forth and seek in assuaging the sorrows of others a relief to her own painful reflections. On one occasion, as in pensive mood she was returning from one of these charitable visits to the sick and poor of her villages, her way led through a long avenue of well grown trees bordering the banks of the Elbe. Slowly she walked with eyes cast on the ground, when her steps were suddenly arrested by a little dwarf, who stood respectfully before her. She was startled at first, but, seeing him look smilingly at her, she soon regained her composure, and in a kind manner asked him what he wanted.

"'Most gracious lady,' quoth the dwarf, "all I wish is to give you brighter hopes, and to foretel that your future will be as happy as you deserve. Within a year from this time you will be blest with three sons at a birth [*drillinge.*] I pray you to accept this ring,' continued he, handing her a large gold ring most curiously wrought; 'have it divided into three equal parts, and when your sons are of an age to understand the trust, give one piece to each of them to keep as a talisman against evil. As long as it remains in the family the Alvenslebens will prosper.'

"With these words the kind little man disappeared; but his prophecy was realized, and his injunctions were carefully obeyed. The three sons lived to form the source of three distinct lines of the Alvensleben family, and are distinguished by the names of the Black, the White, and the Red line.

"Years—nay, centuries—rolled by, but the three pieces of the ring were carefully preserved by the descendants of the three brothers. The age of superstition had not passed away. Frederick the Great was mighty, and he scoffed at all things: Voltaire, his friend and teacher, sneered at every species of belief, and the courtiers thought it becoming to imitate their master and his favorite.

"A gay party was seated on the balcony of the Castle of Randau, which overhangs the muddy-colored, shallow, and yet sometimes treacherous, river Elbe. Amongst the company were several gay young officers of the Royal Huzzars, then stationed at Magdeburg, who had ridden over to pay their devoirs to the fair lady of the manor, the Frau von Alvensleben of the Red line, a famous beauty at Frederick's court. Although the mother of three fine boys, her beauty was at the zenith, and her sharp, ready wit, and satirical, sceptical turn of mind had won for her as many admirers as her rare personal attractions.

"'I never believe in anything that I do not see or feel,' said the lady with a bright laugh, continuing an animated conversation about second-sight and ghost seers; 'nor do I *care* just now to belive in anything but that these strawberries are delicious,' added she holding up a ruddy berry; 'that the air is pure and balmy, my companions most agreeable, and life altogether very charming and agreeable.'

"'Would that life were made up of such moments,' sighed her nearest neighbor, with an ardent glance; 'but alas! we must bend to so many influences beyond our control!'

"'Not a whit,' retorted the lively lady: 'Jeder ist seines Gluckes Schmied,' (every one forges his own happiness), saith the proverb.

"'How can you say that, fairest of chatelaines, when you know that the happiness of each of us, is dependent upon your good will,' responded one of the gallants.

"'And added the Major von Eulenberg, a somewhat more sedate admirer, 'you yourself, madame, must not forget that you are living under the spell of the famous Alvensleben ring. If you were to lose it, who knows what might happen.'

"'Alter schutzt von Thorheit nicht,' (age is no preservative against folly). 'I see,' answered the beauty, pertly tossing her head. 'Do you think I am such an idiot as really to believe in this silly story of the ring? I thought my sentiments were better known, and to prove to you how free from superstition I am' .... she ran into the room, through the open folding doors, hastily unlocked a casket with a small golden key which hung from her neck chain, and swiftly returning, made a comical low curtsey to the circle of gentlemen, and, with a graceful movement, flung what she had in her hand down into the rushing river at her feet. 'There,' she cried exultingly—'There goes the token of old superstition, which has too long been treasured in our family; there goes the famous ring, and may the Alvenslebens evermore depend upon *themselves* for their good luck and prosperity.'

"The act was greeted with bravoes and warm expressions of admiration at the strength of mind she had exhibited, by the young officers, whose only wish was to flatter and please the star of the day; yet some in their hearts disapproved, others felt as if a blank had fallen on their spirits, and though outwardly merry, the party separated with far less jovial feelings than they had ever before experienced within the walls of Randau.

"Six weeks afterwards, this laughing scoffing beauty was bent low in sadness and sorrow. She had in that short time lost her husband and her three sons, all of whom were suddenly called off by a virulent fever. It is not known whether she connected this sad bereavement with her imprudent act, but probably her haughty scepticism received a shock, for she renounced the world, and ever after led a life of sorrow and seclusion. Thus ended the Red line of the Alvenslebens.

"The members of the Black line, shocked by this sad occurrence, and fearful lest some accident might cause the loss of so small an object as the third part of a ring, had it melted among other gold, and moulded into a goblet, or 'Pokal,' which the sole survivors of that line still possess. Their star, however, has fallen, and from the prosperous and numerous family which then flourished, and was in possession of nearly half the province of Magdebury, but two descendants in middling circumstances now exist. The last member of importance of that line was the highly esteemed Minister of State under Frederick Wilhelm III., Count Albert Alvensleben, who died at so late a period as 1858.

"The members of the White line have been the wisest of the three; they still carefully preserve among the family archives in their Castle of Erxleben, near Magdeburg, their precious share of the little dwarf's present. This family is amongst the most highly esteemed and beloved of the old noblesse of Prussia; highly favored and truly loved by their monarch, many of them still hold important offices in the army and state, and the White line still counts thirty or forty members."

It was not without regret that we broke up the circle round the coffee table: these and other tales had made us forget the flight of time, and if they have for a moment amused my readers, I am richly repaid for the slight trouble of transcribing them.

AN ACCOMMODATING JUDGE.

Throughout the western and southwestern portions of the United States the inhabitants possess certain peculiar characteristics, which in all ages and in almost every country, have marked those living midway between savage and civilized life. This is more particularly the case with hunters and trappers who follow their calling in the Far West, as it is termed; and whose virtues and whose vices alike are not those of the 'dwellers in cities. In them personal courage and endurance, fidelity to their word, and a certain rude simplicity of character are frequently found in conjunction with a total disregard for those laws by which society, in more settled communities, provides for its own security. Their code of morality is in fact, their own; and, occasionally, as will be seen by the following narrative, may lead a man who obeys its dictates, into the perpetration of a great crime, for the purpose of avoiding the commission of what, in comparison, might be termed a venial error.

About eight years ago I had occasion to travel through several of the Southern States, for the purpose of collecting various debts due to a large Boston dry-goods house, of which I was one of the clerks. While I was in Texas, I stopped one evening at a small town called Jackson, near the Mexican frontier, and put up for the night at the only hotel the place could boast. I had just seated myself at supper when the door opened, and a tall, strong built man entered the room. He was clothed in the usual hunter's costume, viz., a tight-fitting hunting shirt, with leggins and moccasins of the same material. A belt of undressed deer-skin, buckled round his waist, supported a heavy Colt's revolver on one side, while on the other was suspended a leathern sheath, containing a bowie knife of formidable dimensions. He placed the rifle he carried in his hand against the wall, and thereupon proceeded to take off the belts which hung over his brawny shoulders, sustaining his shot-pouch and powder horn, which were curiously wrought, and evidently the work of some Mexican artist. Having thus relieved himself, the stranger drew a stool up to the fire, and placing his muscular hands on his thighs, seemed to peer with his keen eyes into the cracking fire, which roared up the chimney.

As he had not saluted me when he entered as is usual in that section of the country, I took no further notice of him; for I presumed his want of success in hunting had put him in an ill humor, and it was not improbable that if he discovered my gaze fixed pertinaciously upon him he might be disposed to fasten a quarrel upon me. I therefore directed myself exclusively to the meal before me, but the knife and fork almost fell from my hands as his stentorian voice struck upon my ear; and, in spite of myself, a slight tremor stole through me, as I heard the awful tone in which he spoke the last word.

"Landlord, give me some liquor—I have *money!*"

The Landlord glanced at his guest, and hesitated for a moment, but the stranger raised his eyes; the effect was magical; in an instant a well filled whiksy bottle and a tin tumbler were placed before him.

"Landlord, hang that on the rifle; but stop give me the knife first."

And he handed the waistbelt pistol and scabbard to the host, whilst he thrust the knife in the bosom of his hunting-shirt. As the inn keeper was obeying the bidding of this strange visitor, the latter poured the tumbler full of whiskey, and tossed it off at a draught.

"Landlord," he said again I want something to eat—I've money for that too."

There was a deep tone in his voice, as he uttered these words, that disturbed me strangely.

An additional plate was placed on the table, and the stranger seated himself opposite to me. He had a fine face—a careless independence in it which I liked; but the courteous manner in which he said: "I hope I ain't one too many here, stranger," excited my surprise. I assured him his company was agreeable to me rather than otherwise, as I disliked eating alone.

"Enough said," answeree he, "there's my fist," and we shook hands across the table.

His appetite was in proportion to his bulk, and we scarcely spoke again till after supper, when he commenced a conversation, from which I discovered him to be a man of unusual natural ability, although rough and uncultivated.

During our dialogue I evidently made a favorable impression upon him, and, in return for my courtesy, he recounted many deer, wolf and bear hunts, with such power that I was delighted. The conversation, however, after a time, flagged, and I fell into a train of musing on the business which had led me to that part of the country. A gloom gradually settled over the face of my companion, from which, when I observed it, I endeavored in vain to rouse him. He answered me courteously, to be sure, but very abruptly; and every now and then he had recource to the bottle, until it was emptied.

"Landlord, fetch me more liquor," he called out authoratively; and he drank more and more, till finally he fell from his stool; and as I retired to bed in an adjoining room, I heard his snoring through the inn.

Being much fatigued having traveled forty miles on horseback during the day, I slept until I felt a hand grasping my arm—opening my eyes, I saw the sun shining through my window, and my companion of the previous evening standing beside me."

"Stranger," said he, "excuse me, but I saw last night that you was a whole souled fellow, and I want you to go with me."

"Where to?" I asked.

"The justice's," he replied.

"What for?"

"I've got something on my mind—it must out—I tried liquor last night, but couldn't keep it down. I ain't a drinking man, no how, and I feel like a dog. Come along with me and be my friend."

There was a bold frankness in his manner that I could not withstand. I accordingly rose and dressed myself, and we walked, together, to the house of the justice, who lived about half-a-mile from the hotel. He sent down word to us that he would be up in a couple of hours.

"But tell him," said my acquaintance to the servant, "I want to see him on a matter of life and death."

"Da's no use o' dat," grinned the slave, "massa don't care 'bout life and death till he get him sleep out."

We left the house, but John Rolfe, as my companion called himself, made no further allusion to the nature of his business than to say, in answer to my enquiries, "When we see the judge you'll know all."

We returned to breakfast, and I observed that Rolfe refused the morning dram proffered him by the landlord, and ate sparingly.—Something was evidently preying upon his mind, and I anxiously awaited the hour when I should receive an explanation of the mystery.

The time came and we were admitted into the presence of the dispenser of justice, who was a gentleman of wealth and education, rotund in person, and apparently on excellent terms with himself and the world.

"Well," said the judge, "what's the matter?"

"Why, you see," replied Rolfe, "three days ago I came down the River to Madison to sell my furs and skins. I made a pretty good trade but that very night I lost my whole pile at poker. I was dead broke, and hadn't a confounded cent left. Well, the next morning, early, I started for this place, and, as I wouldn't chisel, I went without eating the whole day. I slept in the woods, and yesterday morning I got up as hungry as a painter, and as I walked along thinks I, what am I to do? I never see game so scarce: there wan't so much as a squirrel to be found. I'm above cheating any man out of a dinner, but I felt that a dinner I must have. Just then a fellow comes riding along the road. I talked to him, tried to borrow, swearing to pay, at any place he might name, in a week; but the critter told me he paid his way out of his own pocket, and he'd too little to divide.

"How much have you got?" says I.

"Two fifty."

"Now," thinks I, "that *is* too little to divide. So while he was looking another way, I shoots him through the head, and gin him a decent burial as I could under an old log, and took the two dollars and a half. But it won't do; my conscience misgives me. I'm sorry for it, and wish the feller had his money back if he could only be alive. But, between you and I, as it's too late for that, I think I ought to be hung."

The judge called his black boy, ordered three pipes of tobacco, and we smoked in silence.

"Then you really think you ought to be hung," he said, with some compassion, as he whiffed a cloud of smoke toward the ceiling.

"I do in fact," answered Rolfe, emitting a similar volume of vapor.

The Judge smoked, and considered again.

"Well, we'll try to hang you," he added.

There was gratitude in Rolfe's eye, as he replied:

"Thank you, that'll ease my conscience."

The judge knocked the ashes from his pipe and spoke:

"Well, come here in half an hour. I'll try to get a jury."

Rolfe and myself, laying our pipes on the table, were about leaving, when the judge asked us to take a drink, which having done, we bade him good morning.

At the expiration of the half hour we returned, when we found twelve men smoking and drinking with the magistrate, awaiting us. We were politely requested to sit down.

"Now," said Judge J——, addressing himself to Rolfe, "tell these gentlemen what you have already told me."

Whereupon Rolfe repeated the statement he had before made.

"Now, gentlemen," continued the first speaker, "I wish you to say if this gentlemen—Mr. Rolfe, your name is, eh? well there's some fine old brandy, make yourself at home—whether, gentlemen, you find John Rolfe guilty, or not guilty, of murder. In addition to what he has said, I will observe, for your information, that I have sent out, and have found the body just where he stated it to be."

The jury smoked, rose up, took a little brandy-and-water, and then sat down again, and smoked in silence for some time. At last, one of them, who appeared to be the foreman, said:

"The case is tolerably clear, and we rather think he's guilty."

"There's more tobacco on the table," said the judge to Rolfe "the best you can find anywhere—you've heard what these gentlemen have said—well," he continued, a little uneasily, "I don't like to tell you in my own house; but—"

"Let that be no hindrance," replied Rolfe, refilling and lighting his pipe.

"Well, then," said the judge, "come here at twelve o'clock to-morrow, and I'll have you hung."

Rolfe looked disconcerted, and appeared mortified at the idea of asking a favor.

"You—you have been so kind to me," said he, "that I hardly like to ask you for anything more."

"Not at all," replied the judge, "out with it; you are welcome to it before you ask."

"Well," said Rolfe, "I wish—to-morrow is my ague day, and the shakes come on at eleven—if you would be so good as to hang me at ten."

"With the greatest pleasure," answered the good-hearted judge, shaking Rolfe by the hand, "ten let it be."

Accordingly, John Rolfe returned to the inn—paid up his bill—and the next morning was hung as the clock struck ten.

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

THURSDAY, : : NOV. 6, 1862.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

This enterprise, which every man in the State who considers himself permanently located here is virtually interested in, is about assuming a shape which augurs well for its speedy commencement. It is a subject upon which so much talent and learning has been expended, that there is but little left to be said as to its utility or practicability. The first, there are none to dispute, the latter, from the geographical location of our State—being the centre of the great commercial route from the rich markets of China, Japan and the Indies to the growing importance of the West, presents a natural way for all the commodities manufactured and raised in each of these countries. And as the question has been settled as to the most eligible route to be selected over which this road is to run we see no reason why its completion should be delayed longer than it will actually require to construct the road. The majority of our heavy capitalists, it is understood, are heart and soul in the work, and judging from the speedy manner in which the people of our State do everything undertaken by them, the supposition is that the work will be hastily pushed forward. Our citizens and in fact every man in the county should rejoice at the good fortune of having this line located in our midst, as it will bring out more fully than anything else the immense resources which have heretofore been dormant; the revenue alone from the taxes will be the means of throwing thousands of dollars into our treasury; the immense amount of trade and traffic brought us by the completion of this enterprise will make this the centre of all trade and commerce to the rich and populous mining region to the north and west of us, and our people will soon find that what was a few years ago an insignificant mining camp, will be a city of importance and wealth second to no interior town in the State.

Mr. T. D. Judah, the Chief Engineer of the California Pacific Central Railroad, in his report to the company, says that this route is the most eligible to be found across the mountains, and among other things gives the following as the advantages possessed over any other:

1st. It crosses the Sierra Nevada Mountains, and reaches the Truckee River, in 123, and State line in 145 miles from Sacramento.

2d Big Bend of Truckee, or Humboldt Desert, is reached in 170 miles.

3d. It crosses the State at nearly its narrowest width.

4th. It pursues nearly a direct course from Sacramento to the Big Bend of Truckee.

5th. It forms a local road for the counties of Sacramento, Placer and Nevada.

6th. It commands and will perform the entire business of Nevada Territory, Washoe, and the Silver mineral region.

7th. It will also command the business of the newly discovered Humboldt mineral district, Pyramid Lake, Esmeralda, and Mono mineral district.

8th. It crosses the Truckee Meadows at the head of Steamboat Valley, which, with Washoe Valley and Eagle Valley, connects with Carson Valley, enabling a branch road, with light grades, to be built to any point on Carson River.

9th. It reaches eastern base of Sierra Nevada in 11½ miles from Summit.

10th. It follows the valley of Truckee River, without obstacle, to Big Bend, or Humboldt Desert.

11th. It entirely avoids the second summit of Sierra Nevada.

12th. Its maximum grades are 105 feet per mile, or less than those of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroads.

13th. The grades down the Truckee will not exceed 40 feet per mile.

14th. The elevation of line is maintained, continuously to the summit—there being no down grade running easterly to Summit.

15th. An uniformly descending grade is maintained from the summit easterly to the Truckee, or eastern base.

16th. Encounters no elevated plateau of tableland at Summit.

17th. Running to and from summit with maximum grades, cannot have an extensive snow-line.

18th. Runs through extensive forests of Pitch and Sugar Pine, Fir, Cedar, and Tamarac, which latter two species of timber are abundant, and will furnish excellent cross ties.

19th. Crosses no deep river canons or gorges.

20th. Its longest tunnel will not exceed 1,350 feet in length, and no shafting will be required.

21st. Shortest radius of curvature, 573 feet

22d. Navigable waters of the Sacramento River at all seasons of the year its western terminus; Washoe and the Great Basin its eastern terminus.

23d. At Big Bend of Truckee, the line is in position to proceed *via* the Humboldt to Salt Lake, or follow the Simpson route to some point.

24th. *Saving in distance* over route *via* Madelin Pass and head-waters of Sacramento, as surveyed by Lieut. Beckwith, from Lasseur's Meadows, or Humboldt crossing, 184 miles.

25th. Saving in cost of Pacific Railroad line, taking Lieut. Beckwith's estimate from Lasseur's Meadows, or Humboldt crossing, as compared with cost of present proposed line, in thirteen and a half millions of dollars.

26th. Reduces the time of passenger transit to and from Washoe to 8½ hours. Passengers leaving Virginia station at 5 A. M., will reach San Francisco the same evening.

27th. Saving in cost of transportation of freight to citizens of Washoe or Nevada Territory, one million of dollars per year.

28th. Affords a market for low-class silver ores (now thrown aside), for shipment to Europe, from over 3,000 mining claims.

29th. Is advantageously located for an extension to Oregon.

30th. Completes first western link of Pacific Railroad, overcoming its greatest difficulties.

It will be seen by the above extract, that notwithstanding the interest and influence brought to bear to secure the location of this road over other routes, it has been found, by actual survey to be the *nearest* and one presenting less obstacles to build a railroad upon than *any* other. This is the position we took from the moment we obtained any information on the subject, and feeling confident that the route would finally be selected, allowed many assertions prompted by motives of local interest, to pass unheeded. And now we take some pride in saying that all we have said upon the subject has been verified by competent and scientific gentlemen.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—Rev. David Deal, Presiding Elder of the Marysville District, will preach in the M. E. Church in this place on Satuuday next at 8 o'clock P. M., and at the usual hours on Sunday.

UNION HOTEL.—Our friends will notice that Mr. Shoemaker—the man that can keep a tavern—has opened this establishment and is ready to give all who may call on him, board unsurpassed in the mountains. Those who are partial to the good things of life would do well to give him a trial. "Chicken fixens" spread there.

INFORMATION is wanted of Wm. A. Bushnell by his brother D. E. Bushnell, of Green Valley. He was last seen at Iowa Hill, about two months since. Any person knowing of his whereabouts will confer a favor by corresponding with this office.

[Communication from You Bet.]

YOU BET, OCTOBER, 1862.

MR. EDITOR: The mining interests in this section have been but poorly attended to for the past month or six weeks, until within the last ten days. The neglect has been partly owing to the fact that everybody who could raise the necessary funds, and their name was legion, both employers and employees, went to the State Fair at Sacramento, and but few of them have as yet returned. The weather has been unexceptionably fine for working in the diggings, cool during the day and a very bright moon-light at night most of the time; but under circumstances the most favorable is the very time that the least work is done. It has ever been thus and I suppose it ever will be.

The claims on the west of Chalk Bluff, towards Red Dog, which we might consider in this section, are all idle, not one of them being worked; the hills in that direction look about the same as they did a year ago, when you and I were there. A stranger would suppose the ground had been taken up for ranching purposes, so little progress has been made in washing. On the easterly side, however, a different picture is presented; if a stranger should go in that direction he would be strongly impressed with the idea that some mammoth circus company had bought the entire country, and was washing it away to make nice places to perform in. Chicken Point has been worked quite thoroughly and presents an immense area of bed rock strewn over with big boulders, stumps, and petrified wood. This gravel ridge has yielded within the last two years, at the lowest estimate, $200,000, and bids fair to yield at least that amount from the ground remaining. All the claims hereabouts are paying well in proportion as they wash the dirt. For instance: Ennis & Co. have washed nearly double the ground of any other set of claims, within a given time, and their dividends have been large. They value these claims at $8,000, but the ground is probably no richer than plenty which adjoins it, and all that is necessary to insure success is 40 inch boxes, on a 10 inch grade, and 200 inches of water, always remembering to keep the dirt rolling and make the runs ten days and ten nights, or 200 hours, before cleaning up. To work hydraulic diggings by day only is a very remunerative thing, but to work them both day and night this kind of weather, is decidedly bully.

Frank Ryan & Co.,—you know Frank,—at Brown's Hill, are about trying the experiment of using powder in their drift for the purpose of loosening the cement in making caves; if they make a success of it, and there is no reason why they should not, they will make as much money as they want. The mammon is certainly there. Niece & West have done remarkably well with the ground adjoining Ryan & Co., having taken out in the short period of eight weeks the almost fabulous sum of $30,000.—Having washed, by means of the hydraulic, to within ten feet of the bed rock, and realized $12,000, they then picked and crushed the ten feet of bottom, from which was taken $18,000. The yields have been from $6,000 to $9,000 each clean up. Nickell & Co. are doing nothing at present. Crooms & Co. ditto; also, Hydeliff & Co. i. e., in the way of washing.—B. D. Bowers still continues to clean up his regular $1,000 every ten days and has sufficient ground of the same sort to last for the next three years.

The citizens of this place—You Bet—have the matter under serious consideration of applying to the next legislature, or some other body of profound bummers, to have the name of the town changed to the more classical one of "Dry Up," as there has been no water for family use during the past two months, except that which has been purchased of the Ditch company, the wells all having failed. Our worthy townsman, W. W. Cozzens, has nearly completed the laying of his 1½ inch wooden pipe to convey water from a spring at Chalk Bluff, a distance of over 7,000 feet. When this is done the supply will be steady and abundant. Speaking of Cozzens reminds me, that we had a most glorious time at his house in Little York last Monday night, and a hugely "glorious" headache the next morning. He'sacuss, says I drank too much cold water, mixed with brandy; but then you know my chum says a good many things which it won't do to take for gospel, but will do to take for gos-sip, just hear him: He says there is soon to be organized at this place a strictly not-on-it, diagonal, grand hyphenuten, and let me down easy society. Their motto is this: "a bit of fun is quite as good as a bit in money;" their password is "augment." It is to be anti-Hurdy-Gurdy and anti-Grass Widow, or any other widow. To bar out the hurdies is all very well, they being already out of their proper sphere; in fact, whenever I see a set of them I am reminded of a set of broken Queen's-ware, and I become irrepressible with the desire to examine them rather closely to see if they are not labeled "lost baggage," but my extreme modesty prevents. Thus to exclude the dear "widies" is unjust and in bad taste. Oh! the horrible brutes! the diagonal wretches! I shall not affiliate with them, and neither will my gallant friend of whom it is said, though I do not believe it, should he see a signpost dressed in crinoline he would become infatuated with it.—However, some one has written, that "man's nature runs either to herbs or *weeds*." The latter tendency predominates here, and is easily recognized by that peculiar *fatherly feeling* which is so amply developed in a certain eminently social-natured hombre of this locality.

He'sacus is very mild on certain kinds of proxies, and says that kind of thing should be decently shoveled out of sight; that he has heard of even husbands by proxy, and knows of one not far off who has recently demonstrated the evil tendency of that practice; he once was a rugged looking hombre, as strong-winded as a north-wester and able to strike a blow like a falling tree, and in a few short weeks he has grown old, looks cadaverous, long, cold and hungry. Pharoah's lean kind don't begin—that's what's the matter—he's a proxy.

In my next I will give you full particulars in the *running* line. My regards to old Joe.

Yours Diagonally,

JAY. SCHMIDT, of Missouri.

MERCHANT TAILOR.—There is now a chance for our fashionable young men to array themselves in elegant and beautifully fitting garments, by calling at the establishment of Mr. Northouse, three doors below Arnstein's.

THE weather for the past week has been delightful, warm pleasant days, and cool, bracing nights and mornings, *enlightened* occasionally by a huge frost.

THE Dutch Flat and Donner Lake Wagon Road Company has commenced the construction by putting a number of laborers on the work.

GEO. F. TRAIN'S ARREST.

The following is Mr. Train's statement of the affair which took place in the "Cradle of Liberty," Boston, which resulted in his arrest:

POLICE STATION No. 2, BOSTON, October 6, 1862—2½ P. M.—Seeing a public notice inviting the citizens of Boston to Faneuil Hall today at twelve o'clock, I went to hear Sumner and others speak (being myself a native of Boston and citizen of Massachusetts). I listened to Sumner two hours. He challenged any one to confute his statements. Some few having interrupted the speaker, and attention being apparently directed to Train, he called Sumner to witness that he was not interrupting the meeting. "I know," said Sumner, "it is not you, Train, you would not do such a thing." Supposing that other speakers would be invited to the platform, I did not step forward, although hundreds were calling 'Train!' 'Train!' I was annoyed to find the meeting cut and dried. Annoyed to find that liberty was only for the black man, and not for the white man. Annoyed to see Boston in slavery, Massachusetts in chains. The meeting having adjourned, I knew that in all civilized assemblies it was quite in order to elect another Chairman and hold another meeting. I stepped upon the platform, or rather jumped over the railing, as the packed jury shoved me off the staircase and blocked the way. Seeing angry eyes behind me and hostile demonstrations from the enslaved committee around Sumner, and being somewhat acquainted with the art of self-defense, while the audience was cheering in front, I kept on my guard by looking behind. I call the audience to witness that I struck no blow—touched no man—made no hostile movement—when two or three took hold of me, I shook them off, and put myself on defense. I was good for a few of the miserable paltroons who would strike a single man, but when dozens rushed upon me, striking me right and left, and three different hands were lifting me from the floor by the hair of the head at the same time, it was difficult for me to reach the stage. I, however, did so over the fallen bodies of several, four times, when the officers of the law took me in charge, Respecting the law, I gave myself up, and although in charge of two policemen, the miserable cowards struck me, tore open my shirt, and held me over the stair case by the hair of the head, when I should have fallen over thirty feet on the iron stairs, had I not rescued myself by holding on to the railing. Cries of kill him, the damned white man—smash his head—knock him down, accompanied by acts of violence, followed me into the street. The policemen seemed too excited or unable wholly to protect me from this most respectable committee, who say that free speech is the chief plank of the Free Soil platform."

George Francis evidently made a mistake, when he attempted to address a crowd called together for the purpose of hearing Sumner The "damned white man" couldn't *train* in that "sweet-scented" company.

The Boston *Journal* says:

"Train was escorted by the police from the hall to the police station, No. 2, and was accompanied by a very large crowd of people, who cheered him most heartily. He was marched through the streets bareheaded, his hair streaming in the air, and his apparel showing evidence of the hard usage he received in his struggle with the police.

A rush was made several times to crowd him out of the hands of the police, but without avail. He was securely lodged in the station house, and the door was closed, when three groans were given for the police and three cheers for Train.

A large and excited multitude assembled around the station, and continued shouting and groaning for some minutes, and then, at the instigation of some rowdies, a crowd started on a run for Faneuil Hall to 'escort Sumner,' home.

Train was kept in confinement until six o'clock, when he was released, no charge having been preferred against him."

AN ASTONISHED FISHERMAN.—The Red Bluff *Beacon* occasionally tells some scaly stories about large fish and enormous snakes; the following, which is taken from that paper rather eclipses anything we have seen for some time: A Digger Indian went to fish for Sturgeon, and getting no bite, tied the cord to his ankle and lay down to sleep. After a while two men were amazed and perplexed at seeing an Indian going toward the river feet foremost, propelled, apparently, by some invisible power, and vainly grasping at stones and shrubs to save himself. A sturgeon of uncommon size had seized the bait, and struck out into the middle of the river. As the horrified buck was about to make the final plunge from the bank, he was suddenly brought to a halt. He had straddled a small bush, and could go no further without being divided or uprooting the bush. Neither was he anxious to let go his hold A sudden thought seized him. He searched frantically for his pocket knife. Out he whipped it, cut the line in two, and was saved from a watery grave.

STEALING WOOD.—We have heard considerable complaints of persons who having bought fire-wood cut in the country and delayed in getting it hauled, lost it by some unscrupulous person or persons hauling it away for them. We would hint that this conduct smacks greatly of theft, and if caught in the act somebody might go to jail and stop at the expense of the county.

STRAY EDITOR.—Charley Mitchell, of the Placer *Herald*, dropped in to see us on Tuesday evening last. He looks fat and weighs about fourteen hundred, that is, he would if he filled his "store-clothes." He is now interested in the railroad and condescends to look at wagon roads, is a good fellow, and from his looks, lives well. May you grow till your clothes fit you.

IN SESSION, the Board of Supervisors of this county. Those who have claims against the county would do well to send in their bills immediately, which, if correct, will be paid on presentation, as there is plenty of money in the treasury.

ALL those who find themselves in the deplorable condition of being *sole*-less hereabouts can procure new ones with fresh uppers by paying a vist to Merriman & Hughs' fine Boot and Shoe store, where they can be accommodated with any style they may wish at prices to suit the times. Give them a call.

NEW GOODS.—Messrs. Hudepohl & Co. have just received a fresh supply of Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, purchased expressly for this market. Any one in need of warm substantial winter clothing should give these gentlemen a chance.

NEWSPAPER FAVORS.—Mr. Strattman, the newspaper man of San Francisco has again conferred upon us one of those acceptable favors for which he is so justly notorious. Among the many papers sent us by this gentleman we notice the Weekly New Orleans *Delta*, a paper we believe received by no other house in the State. Pictorials, magazines, and valuable Eastern papers received by Strattman every steamer, and persons trading in that line will do well to give him a call.

EXCISE TAX.—The Collector and Assessor of this county, are in town collecting the Direct Tax, levied by act of Congress, and approved July last. Those who are liable to pay had better come out with a good grace as grumbling will do no good.

THE Butte *Record* completed its ninth volume on the 1st of the present month. It is a paper of some pretensions and we hope it will continue to live.

MR. LINCOLN'S GUARD.—We excerp the following from a Washington correspondence of October 9th; it speaks sufficiently plain for itself, and needs no comments. We may shortly expect to have liberty "with a vengeance:"

Whenever Mr. Lincoln now appears in public, on horse-back, or in his carriage, he goes through the streets at a rapid pace, escorted by a cavalry guard of about twenty men, half of whom are in the advance, and the remainder in the rear of the Presidential charge. For some reason, Mr. Lincoln has allowed himself to be persuaded that his life would be endangered, if he rode about "all unarmed and alone," like Lord Lochinvar, and like Mr. Lincoln's fifteen predecessors in the White House. It certainly is a regrettable precedent for a chief magistrate of this Republic to establish, in imitation of the despots of Europe, who have well-founded cause to expect attempts to assassinate them, while the President of the United States cannot, in good reason, entertain any such reasons. The death of Mr. Lincoln would simply have the effect to place in the Presidential chair a man far more repugnant to the rebels than the present incumbent, from the fact that Mr. Hamlin is not only believed in the South to be more radical in his leanings than Mr. Lincoln, but is also generally supposed to have a negro taint in his blood. However absurd or unfounded this supposition may be, it undoubtedly exists, and at once precludes all idea that the rebels can anticipate any benefit to themselves from the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. The truth is, nobody ever thought of such a thing until the fearful imaginations of officious zealots conjured up the shadow of a danger without a substance, and set people to thinking about it; whereupon, the President, yielding to the solicitations of his alarmed or timorous personal friends, consented to this bit of unrepublican ostentation.

STAGE ACCIDENT.—On last night, about 6½ o'clock, P. M., as the stage from Auburn was coming into town, Mr. Nicholls, on the stage, fired a gun, frightening the horses, who started suddenly, turning the coach over, and injuring Mrs. Jas. H. Maddux so that she had to be carried to her residence, and breaking the hand of a German woman, besides bruising considearbly a Chinaman. We have not learned that any one else was hurt. It is proper to state that no blame whatever can be attached to the driver, who is careful and prudent; but was one of those melancholy accidents that it was impossible to guard against.

RESIGNED IN DISGUST.—Capt. Daniel Taylor, Captain of Company A, Washington Territory Regiment, has resigned his command. He is now in San Francisco, and gives but a poor account of the discipline and efficiency of the regiment of Col. Steinberger. There appers to be no lack of efficiency in the men, but much in those who command them, with few exceptions.

THE STATE TREASURER INDICTABLE FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.—Treasurer Ashley, says the *Bulletin*, made a bad business when he speculated in green backs with the State's money, and has laid himself open to a charge of embezzlement, which is punishable by imprisionment in the penitentiary. 'Twould serve him right; he should keep his fingers out of the "sweet-meats."

J. J. OWEN, editor of the San Jose *Mercury*, is spoken of as a candidate for Speaker of the next Assembly. The Butte *Record* says he is an "elevator." Should'nt wonder.

UNION HOTEL,

(One door above the Express Office)

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

James A. Shoemaker,.....Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE IS NOW OPEN FOR THE reception of visitors. Any number of day boarders can be accommodated.

November 6, 1862.–tf

NEW FIRM!

BOOTS AND SHOES!

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THE UNDESIGNED DESIRE TO INFORM everybody that they have opened the largest and best selected stock of

Boots, Shoes, &c.,

ever offered to this public, which they are determined to sell at prices unprecedentedly low. Their stock has been selected expressly for this market, and all articles sold are warranted to be as represented.

Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' Boots, Shoes, Ties and Gaiters always on hand of the

Best make and quality.

A splendid article of Gum Boots and Coats.

MERRIMAN & HUGHS.

November 6, 1862.–tf

C. G. F. NORTHOUSE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

(3 doors below L. Arnstein's)

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY INforms the citizens of this place that he is prepared to execute all orders in his line in the best and most fashionable style.

Making and Cutting, Cleansing, &c. &c.,

Done on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage is solicited.

November 6, 1862.–tf

INFORMATION WANTED.—Of Wm. A. Bushnell, by his brother. He or any one knowing his whereabouts, will confer a favor by reporting to me at Mahatha's store, Green Valley; by letter or otherwise. D. E. BUSHNELL.

November 6, 1862.–1m

TO THE TAX-PAYERS OF PLACER COUNTY!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RECEIVED the Duplicate Tax Roll of District No. 4, for the current year, from the County Auditor, notice is hereby given that the State and County Taxes are due and payable, and the laws in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced.

The Collector, or his Deputy, will be at his office in Dutch Flat to receive taxes during business hours on Saturday of each week till the 3d Monday of November, the 20th day from date hereof, and THE LAST DAY or 3d Monday of November, 1862.

Witness my hand this 15th day of October, A. D., 1862. N. W. BLANCHARD.

Oct. 16–td Collector of District No. 4.

WIRE ROPE:

Is 75 Per Cent. CHEAPER!

THAN ANY OTHER KIND OF ROPE—WHY?

BECAUSE, Compared with any other Rope of equal strength, it is from FOUR to SIX times MORE DURABLE!

BECAUSE, it is FORTY per cent LIGHTER!

BECAUSE, it is less than ONE-HALF the Diameter, and only ONE SIXTH of the BULK!

BECAUSE, it is FIVE TIMES the strength of the same size of the HEMP ROPE!

BECAUSE, it does not STRETCH or SHRINK, in dry or wet weather!

BECAUSE, it does not ABSORB WATER, and double its original WEIGHT!

BECAUSE, it is as PLIABLE as the other rope of equal strength.

Wire Rope is the ONLY KIND of Rope that can be used to ADVANTAGE, for Hoisting from deep shafts and inclined planes, for long Pump Ropes, Derrick Guy Ropes, Ferry Ropes, &c., &c. Those who have once given our Wire Ropes a trial, will USE NO OTHER, at any price.

Circulars giving scales of weights and strengths, prices, testimonials, &c., will be forwarded by addressing the manufacturers, or their agents throughout the State. A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.,

oct 16–3m 412 Clay street, San Francisco.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CENTRAL Pacific Rail Road Company of California, are requested to meet at the office of the company No. 56 and 58 K street in the city of Sacramento at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 22d day of November 1852, to approve or act upon the By-Lawas adopted by the Board of Directors of said company.

By order of the Board of Directors.

MARK HOPKINS,

Secretary Central Pacific Railroad Co.

Sacramento, October 15, 1862.—td

FIFTY LABORERS WANTED!

TO WORK ON THE DUTCH FLAT AND Donner Lake Wagon Road. Cash, and high wages will be paid good hands. Apply to E. L. Bradly, Dutch Flat, or to the Foreman on the work at Zerr's, 8 miles above Dutch Flat.

DUTCH FLAT AND DONNER LAKE Wagon Road Co.

October 27, 1852.—1m

CONSTABLE'S SALE.—By Virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered on the 25th day of October A. D. 1862, issued out of the court of E. B. Boust a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, County of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in the court of H. Fellows on the 19th day of July A. D. 1862, in favor of W. W. Cozzens and against C. E. Herron, J. Hughs and M. Borah for the sum of two hundred dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at twenty-one dollars, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Justice's office, in Dutch Flat

On Friday, November 20th, A. D. 1862,

at the hour of 12 o'clock, M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said defendants had on the 19th day of July A. D. 1862, in and to the following described property, to-wit: One certain mining or tail flume situated on Bear river about three miles below Dutch Flat, Placer County, Cal., together with all the appertenance thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

S. A. MILLER, Constable,

Township No. 4.

Dated, October 29th, 1862.–tds

SUMMONS.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, } In Justice's Court—
County of Placer. } Township No. 4.

The People of the State of California, to

A. J. COLVIN—*Greeting:*

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APpear before me, at my office, in Dutch Flat, Township No. 4, County of Placer, on the 11th day of November A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M., to answer unto the complaint of L. P. Hall wherein he brings suit against you for the sum of twenty-one 50-100 dollars balance due him for work and labor done and performed at your special instance and request on the newspaper formerly known as "the True Republican" when judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, together with costs and damages, if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County—Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand, this 30th day of October A. D. 1862. E. B. BOUST, J. P.,

Township No. 4.

Ordered that the foregoing summons be published in the Dutch Flat ENQUIRER, for the space of two weeks, at least once a week.

October 30, 1862.–2w E. B. BOUST, J. P.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, } In Justice's Court—
County of Placer. } Township No. 4.

The People of the State of California, to

JOSEPH BURDICK—*Greeting:*

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APpear before me, at my office, in Dutch Flat, Township No. 4, County of Placer, on the 8th day November A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to answer unto the complaint of J. D. Hilton, J. W. Brickell and J. Jones, doing business under the name and style of the Dutch Flat Steam Mill Co., wherein they sue you for the recovery of the sum of one hundred and seven 83-100 dollars due on account for lumber sold and delivered you at your special instance and request, when judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County—Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand, this 27th day of October, A. D. 1862. E. B. BOUST, J. P.,

Township No. 4.

Ordered that the foregoing summons be published in the Dutch Flat ENQUIRER, for the space of two weeks, at least once a week.

October 30, 1862.–2w E. B. BOUST, J. P.

DISSOLUTION.—THE CO-PARTNERship heretofore existing between the under signed under the name and style of Jno. Armstrong & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 7th instant. The business of the late firm will be settled by each of the undersigned.

October 19, 1862.—4t JNO. ARMSTRONG.
T. J. SLOAN.

NOTICE.—IS HEREBY GIVEN TO WARN all persons from trading for a certain certificate of deposit, numbered 165, dated at Dutch Flat, Oct. 9th, 1862, and payable to the order of Mrs. M. M. Landers, for $240, signed by Hall & Allen, per C. Higgins, as payment on the same has been stopped. MRS. M. M. LANDERS.

October 16, 1862.—3t

H. HUBBARD..... ...E. M. HALL.....B. C. ALLEN.

HALL & ALLEN,

BANKERS,

AUBURN, TODD'S VALLEY AND

DUTCH FLAT,

Placer County, California.

Pay the highest price for Gold Dust, Make advances on Gold Dust consigned for Assay or Coinage. Attend to collections and remittances, and transact a General Banking Business. 1 tf

MOUNTAINEER STAGE LINE

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Coaches of the "Mountaineer Line" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 3 A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Placer & Nevada Railroad Co., at Auburn station at 10½ A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1¼ P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6½ A. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 5½ P. M.

This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office "What Cheer House," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Folsom.

Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary for *safety, speed* and *comfort*. WM. HAMILTON,

Oct. 2, 1862.—tf. Proprietor.

BED ROCK SALOON,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT,

KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand the best

Wines, Brandies and Cigars!

Engish Ale and Albany Cream ALE!

ON DRAUGHT.

BILLIARDS!

no28-tf GEO. L. SLOCUMB.

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has given up the Golden Eagle Saloon and taken the

EMPIRE SALOON,

(Next door to L. Arnstein's)

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT,

where he will be happy to meet all his old friends and customers.

The bar is well stocked with Choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars, also, a fine Billiard Table.

Oct 16–1m J. G. DUBELBEISS.

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c.

KEROSENE! KEROSENE!!

WE HAVE NOW AN EXCELLENT STOCK of

Kerosene Oil, Lamps, Chimneys, and Wicks!

on hand, which we are enabled to sell at very reduced rates

FOR CASH!

ALSO: Constantly on hand a good assortment of

Alcohol, Campheme, and Burning Fluid.

FRESH FRUIT from below every week.

se10-tf J. E. LYNDE & CO.

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

HARDWARE,

STOVES,

STOVES,

TINWARE, &c., &c.,

Something Just Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the "**Honest Miners,**" that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, as expeditiously and on as reasonable terms, (per lb. or foot, or any other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of

Hydraulic Pipe, Hose Pipe!

or anything else pertaining to his business, or the wants of a mining community, at reasonable rates. ap10-tf

BOOT, SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

R. HUDEPOHL & CO., RESPECTFULly informs the public of Dutch Flat that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES,
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS'
GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES.

From the most celebrated Eastern manufactories, together with an excellent supply of

Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods,

Which they are enabled, from their connection with houses below, to sell at the lowest market prices.

Particular attention phid to the manufacturing and repairing of boots and shoes. ap3-tf

NEW ARRANGEMENT

AT THE

BRICK STORE,

Main Street, Iowa Hill.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASed the fire-proof brick building formerly occupied by J. Colgan, and having combined the business of three houses, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Iowa Hill and the several neighboring towns that they now have on hand and will continue to receive a full assortment of

HARDWARE,
TINWARE,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
DRUGS, and MEDICINES.

Together with a full and complete assortment of

PAINTS and OILS!

VARNISHES, BRUSHES, &c.,

Which they offer at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CHEAP FOR CASH!

Every destription of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copperware

Manufactured to Order

At the shortest notice and in the best manner.

HALL & LYON,

ma22-tf **Brick Store, Iowa Hill.**

STOVES! STOVES!

JUST RECEIVED A SPLENDID ASSORTment of

Cooking Stoves, Bar-room Stoves, and Parlor Stoves,

of the best make, which will be sold cheap. Call early on W. H. HILLHOUSE.

Oct. 2, 1862.–tf.

TONSORIAL.

Next Door below the Post Office, Main Street, Dutch Flat.

H. SIEMON WOULD RESPECTFULLY AN-nounce to the citizens of this place that having secured the services of one of the best barbers in the State, and having refitted his shop with new furniture, etc., is now prepared to serve all who may call upon him in a truly artistic style. Possessing greater facilities than heretofore for the accommodation of customers, he feels confident in giving entire satisfaction to all who patronize him.

Shampooing.....25 cents.
Hair Cutting.....25 "
Shaving.....25 "

Bleeding, Cupping, and Teeth Extracted.

Wigs, Toupees, Beards, and every variety of Ladies Hair Work, done to order, by.

MONS. EMILE LALANNE,

[FROM PARIS]

Ladies' Hair Dressing Curling, etc.

June 19-tf. H. SIEMON, Proprietor.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS HIS house, furniture, fixtures and lot pleasantly situated on Sacramento street, Dutch Flat, for sale or rent, at a bargain. For particulars enquire at his store, Main street, or on the premises.

LOUIS SHAWL.

DUTCH FLAT, October 9, 1862.—tf.

R. SPEAK,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Main Street, opposite the Dutch Flat Hotel

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKE PLEASURE in announcing to his friends and the public that he is now ready to accommodate them with the best work. Special attention paid to cutting and repairing.

Call and give me a trial. au 15-tf

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP,

Corner of Sacramento and Main streets, Dutch Flat, Cal.

F. GROHS, DESIRES TO INform the public that he constantly keeps on hand a good assortment of fresh BEEF, PORK, MUTTON and Homemade SAUSAGE, which he sells at the most reasonable rates. Persons at a distance supplied daily.

March 13, 1862—tf

Combined Intervention.

We take the following from the Weekly New Orleans *Delta*, of September 20th. That paper has ever remained true to the principles of our National Government, and the following leading editorial fully corroborates the predictions made more than a year ago:

Every one familiar with the course of this journal, well understands that at all times we combated the confident assurances of those who sought to involve the country in the war now desolating it, when they declared that the manufacturing necessities of Europe would compel an intervention, signal and decisive, of the whole question at issue, on behalf of the South. Especially did we point out the deplorable hallucination of those who instigated war, relying on England and France for material aid or substantial encouragement to prosecute it, showing conclusively that whatever might be the immediate injury done to French industry by the loss of our trade and the withholding of cotton supplies, England must eventually be the gainer, and in proportion to the extent of the ruin the insane contestants in this civil war might have inflicted upon them, or which they would or might inflict upon each other. We furthermore expressed our confident belief that no foreign plan of settlement that might at any time be proposed could fail to include propositions in the least degree offensive to Federal and Confederate authority; for, from the first, they, in all human likelihood, would demand a recognition of the Southern government, and from the latter, stipulations guaranteeing the early and final extinction of African slavery. We are not prepared to say what a war of the destructive character of that now being waged in this country may drive even a proud, resolute and independent people to accept, or what humiliations they, like other noble races, may not be compelled to submit to under the pressure of accumulated misfortunes; but if they are so utterly dead to every other inspiration than that of vindictiveness, then indeed are we a lost people and a fallen nation. But let us hope things will not be allowed to reach a ruinous extremity, or that the opening to European intervention will ever be presented. Some time since on the faith of information reaching us through a channel entitled to our confidence and consideration, we announced to our readers that Bonaparte had become wearied with waiting for the solution of the American complication; and that, satisfied that British public opinion was too powerful for Palmerson's itch for intermeddling in American troubles, he had endeavored to bring Russia and Prussia in concert with him in a joint moral remonstrance against the further continuance of hostilities here, with or without an implied threat of physical interference against the side that would not listen to reason or be ready for an accommodation of difficulties. A combination of this character for the object proposed, or any other object which looks to a separation of Prussia from Great Britain in the settlement of international derangements is, however, little likely ever to succeed; but the movement is none the less notable, and the proposition, although still unmatured, may finally in some other form reach consummation. Indeed, in the political discourse of Archbishop Hughes, which we laid before our readers, that eminent divine, speaking with a full and clear knowledge of the subject, one fuller and clearer—so far as the probable course of the European powers are concerned with American affairs—than perhaps any public man could do, distinctly admits, if he does not assert the probability of some such intervention as that we had foreshadowed. On this subject the Archbishop thus spoke:

"I do not know what may happen in case this war should continue as it has been continuing since I left this country. The news renders all attempts at judging fairly impossible, because it is contradictory and confused. It is difficult, for even one acquainted with the country, to comprehend how the land lies. Much more is it so with those who are not at all acquainted with it. Nor is it in any one's power to say with absolute certainty what may happen if this war continue. And in the meatime, what is the prospect of its coming to an end? I do not see any prospect. There does not appear to be an issue; and it may be that God, for some design of His own, which future generations can appreciate, has allowed this war to scourge us, in order to bring future benefits to the human race. There are things that no man can pretend to fathom—questions that depend on so many additional circumstances for their solution. But there is one thing and one question that should be clear to every mind. It is this—that if a war of this kind should be continued for many years, it is recognized as being allowable for other nations to combine in their strength and put an end to it. Better for the people themselves to put an end to it with as little delay as possible. It is not a scourge that has visited us alone. From the beginning of the world wars have been—nation against nation—and oftentimes the most terrible of all wars, which is not a war of nation against nation, but of brother against brother. How long is this to go on? If it goes on what is to be the result of it, as affording a pretext for all the powers of Europe to combine to put an end to it? And although I would not say that even then they should not be permitted to interfere when they interfered through benevolence, and above all, when the sword might be put at rest; but I do say to every man, if they do intertere, and if they interfere successfully—if the country and the government are not maintained by every sacrifice that is necessary to maintain them, then your United States will become a Poland—then it will become divided—then the strife will multiply across every border; every State or every section claim to be independent and make itself an easy prey for those who will turn and appropriate the divisions of the people of this country for their own advantage. Oh! let it not be so. I know little of what has transpired here during my absence. I have had scarcely time to look at the papers since I returned. But at all events, much has been done, though not much has been realized, towards terminating this unfortunate war."

Who can doubt the deliberation, the circumspection and the reflection which preceded these utterances? Can we here in the South welcome the interposition of foreign populations in our domestic affairs, or tamely brook or cravenly welcome such a mode of arbitrament? If the senseless schemes of abolitionism should be seriously countenanced by the Washington government, men connected and identified with the institution of slavery might prefer to sacrifice their principles and their interests to the dictation of a European combination rather than to it; but is it conceivable that this nation and this whole people, hitherto so morbidly sensitive to every extraneous antagonism, will persist in their barbarous slaughter of each other merely to produce that very condition which, in the past, of all others was the most hateful to them? We will not; dark and dispiriting as the future seems, believe it.

REBEL ITEMS.—The rebel Congress was discussing measures for obtaining a Government loan from the States, not to exceed $150,000,000; to raise revenue by seizing cotton, to be sold or hypothecated in Europe, to extend the operations of the sequestrian act to "domestic enemies," by whom is meant the loyal men of the South; and to put down insurrections.

The Congress was also disturbed at the condition of affairs in the West. In the House of Representatives, on the 7th October, it was proposed to permit troops from Middle and West Tennessee to elect their own officers, inasmuch as they could not be reached by the Conscript act and would not volunteer! Whereupon Mr. Foote said that "he differed from his colleague (Mr. Gentry) in regard to the situation of affairs in Middle and West Tennessee. He blamed General Bragg for going into Kentucky and leaving Tennessee to take care of itself, and should hold that gentleman partly responsible for any misfortune that might befall us there. We did not even know the result of the battle near Corinth; but as we had great confidence in General Price, there was at least room for encouraging hope."

The rebels also proposed to suspend the writ *habeas corpus*.

"SIMPLY INDECENT."—The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, a Republican organ of prominence and influence, says the doings of the Republican State Convention of that State, recently held, were "simply indecent." How could it be otherwise when a negro preacher, according to the testimony of one of the delegates, was the chief speaker?

GENERAL SCOTT'S LETTER.

At a Democratic mass meeting held in New York on the 13th October, the following letter addressed to William H. Seward from General Winfield Scott in 1861, was read by John Van Buren. The meeting, it is said, being attended by some thirty thousand persons:

WASHINGTON, March 3, 1861.

Dear Sir: Hoping that in a day or two the new President will have happily passed through all personal dangers, and find himself installed an honored successor of the great Washington, with you as the chief of his Cabinet, I beg leave to repeat in writing what I have before said to you orally, this supplement to my printed views dated in October last, on the highly disordered condition of our so late happy and glorious Union. To meet the extraordinary exigences of the times, it seems to me that I am guilty of no arrogance in limiting the President's field of selection to one of the four plans of procedure subjoined.

First—Throw off old and assume a new designation. The Union party adopt the conciliatory measures, proposed by Crittenden or the Peace Convention, and my life upon it we will have no new case of secession, but on the contrary an early return of many if not all the States which have already broken off from the Union. Without some equally benign measure the remaining slaveholding States will probably join the Montgomery Confederacy in less than sixty days, when this city, being included in a foreign country would require a permanent garrison of at least thirty thousand troops to protect the Government within it.

Second—Collect the duties on foreign goods outside the ports of which this Government has lost the command, or close such ports by Acts of Congress and blockade them.

Third—Conquer the seceded States by invading armies. No doubt this may be done in two or three years by a young and able General—a Wolfe, a Dessaix, or a Hocke—with 300,000 disciplined men, estimating a third for garrisons, and a loss of a yet greater number by skirmishes, sieges, battles, and Southern fevers.—The destruction of life and property on the other side would be frightful. However perfect the moral, and discipline of the invaders, the conquest completed at that enormous waste of human life to the North and Northwest, with at least $250,000,000 added thereto and *cui bono* fifteen devastated provinces, not to be brought into harmony with their conquerors, to be held for generations by heavy garrisons, at an expense quadruple the net duties of taxes which it would be possible to extort from them, followed by a protector or an emperor.

Fourth—Say to the seceded States, "Wayward sisters, depart in peace."

In haste, I remain, very truly yours,

WINFIELD SCOTT.

To Hon. W. H. Seward.

U. S. Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

The Grand Lodge assembled Monday in Baltimore, Deputy Grand Sire Herndon presiding. All the States except the Southern States were represented. In those States from which reports were received the order is represented as in a flourishing condition. The total receipts from State Grand Lodges, Encampments, &c., up to September 1st, was $7,501 88, and there was due at that time, exclusive of the Southern jurisdiction, the sum of $3,763 78. There is also due from the Grand Lodge from the estate P. G. Sir Thomas Willey a balance of 6,661 50 of loan made without interest during his life, and the payment of which is secured by mortgage and judgment, and which will be paid during the year if demanded. P. G. M. B. W. Dennis, of Michigan, was appointed R. W. D. Grand Sire *pro tem.* A report upon the life of Mr. Willey was read and adopted unanimously.

The Treasurer's reports shows that the receipts for the year ending on the 15th instant were $17,378 92, and the disbursements $8,216 27, leaving a balance in the Treasury of $9,162 65. The cash balance in the Treasury on the 18th of September, 1861, was $6,679 36, against which were liabilities which amounted to $1,289 92, and the only existing liability against the Grand Lodge at the date of the report was one of $160, which would have been paid, but the body failed at the last communication to make an appropriation for that purpose. The Grand Treasurer asks that some action may be taken for the investment of the surplus funds of the Lodge which will be better for the Grand Lodge and for the custodian of Treasurer.

A report eulogistic of Past Grand Sire Horn R. Kuease was submitted.

The deaths of several grand representatives were announced.

J. B. Nicholson, of Pa., was elected Grand Sire; Wm. H. Young, of Md., Deputy Grand Sire; James L. Ridgely, Grand Corresponding and Recording Secretary; John Vansant, of Md., Grand Treasurer.

UNEXAMPLED VILLAINY.—Gen. Washington, being a Mason at heart, was afterwards made a Mason in fact, in a lodge in Fredericksburg, Virginia. Its silver jewels or emblems were made in Scotland, and sent to the lodge at the same time as its charter, and they were used at the initiation of Washington, and afterwards worn by himself. "For a hundred years," says the *National Intelligencer*, "they and the other property of the Fredericksburg lodge have been untouched; successive generations of Free Masons have regarded the jewels as sacred heir-looms, and strangers from all parts of the country have visited the place to examine them. But during the occupation of Fredericksburg by the Federal troops, lately the lodge was broken and the sacred jewels stolen by some conscienceless scoundrels. The perpetrators of the outrage ought to be discovered and severely punished."

INDIAN DEPREDATIONS IN THE NORTH.—On the 20th October, says a despatch to the Red Bluff *Independent* from Fort Crook, four teams returning from Yreka to Red Bluff were attacked by Indians about 2 miles north of Bear Flat (20 miles north of this post). So sudden and unexpected a sortie at a point where there had not before been any cause for alarm, threw the teamsters into such confusion that the Indians took what provisions they wanted and decamped. The teamsters had but one gun with them, and it appears this one was used to some purpose. Mr. Trick came along the road about 15 minutes after the affray and saw an Indian stagger and lean against a tree, as if mortally wounded. One man said to have passed along the road early in the morning, is supposed to have been killed, as he has not been heard of since. Immediately after the above statement was made, Captain Mellen promptly despatched Lieut. Williams with 12 men to protect the road, and, if possible, to punish those maurauding red-skins.

A CLERGYMAN ON THE RAMPAGE.—The Clark County (Ohio) *Democrat*, says the Rev. Mr. Childs, in a war speech made in this city (Springfield) on the evening of the 19th of September, said:

"The man who desires to have the Union as it was, ought to be hanged up by the heels until he be dead, dead, dead!—and the wolves and ravens ought to eat the flesh upon his carcass!"

This fiendish remark was received with loud shouts of applause by the crowd around him.—The Union formed by the patriots of the Revolution is not the Union for the Republicans.—Nothing but a negro equality Union will satisfy them.

IT is related that President Lincoln, on being asked what he thought was the probable force of the rebel army, remarked as near as he could estimate, it numbered about *twelve hundred thousand*. The gentleman appearing surprised at the remark, the President explained that he had 600,000 men in the field, and that in nearly every engagement thus far, the enemy had almost invariably been reported in front with two to our one.

RANKIN'S SHORT COMINGS.—A San Francisco correspondence of the Sacramento *Bee* accuses Collector Rankin of failing to prosecute certain parties who swindled the Government out of $6,000 in repairing the W. L. Marcy.—The matter with proofs, was reported to the Collector over a month ago and nothing has been done about it yet. The Collector does not seem very watchful of the public interests, according to the correspondent.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Olive Lodge, No. 81, I. O. O. F., hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.

W. H. HILLHOUSE, N. G.

W. C. RICHMOND, Rec. Sec. jal-6m

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Open from 7 A. M., to 9 P. M. Mail closes daily at 9 o'clock, P. M.

Office open on Sundays from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 12 M., and one hour in the evening on the arrival of the mail.

C. B. PLUMMER. P. M.

A WORD TO THE AGED.—In the decline of life the loss of vital force consequent upon physical decay can only be safely supplied by some vivifying preparation which recruits the strength and spirits, without entailing the exhaustion which is always the final effect of ordinary stimulants. We order to the aged Dr. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as an invigorant and restorative, immediate in its beneficial action and permanent in its effect. It tones the stomach, improves the appetite, acts like a charm upon the spirits. For dyspepsia, oppression after eating, billious cholic, wind cholic, spasms of the stomach, sick or nervous headache, chills and fever, tremens, prostration, and all the complaints special to the feebler sex, the Bitters are earnestly recommended by thousands who have witnessed their superior efficacy in such cases. Sold by all druggists ane dealers everywhere. m13-1m

EVERY housekeeper experiences how difficult it is in making good bread and we therefore take pleasure in calling attention to the fact that to insure uniformly LIGHT, SWEET and NUTRITIOUS bread, it is only necessary to use REDDINGTON'S & Co.'s YEAST POWDERS, which in every respect excel all similar prepartions ever offered to the public. See advertisement in another column.

In calling the attention of the reader to the advertisement of Dr. J. C. Young, to be found in another part of this paper, we feel we are answering the dictates of honest conviction in pointing out to suffering humanity the honest and skilful medical practitioner. It is the duty of every man, whose knowledge places it in his power, to act as a guide to those who otherwise would unwittingly take a wrong path. Throughout the length and breadth of our fair State is spread the insidious seeds of a terrible disease. No need to be thus. No need to wear out a life of pain and anguish and in the end to fill a dishonored grave. Hesitate no longer unfortunate ones, but turn to the Doctor who alone can restore you, giving you in place of wasted energies and an impaired constitution, full health vigor and power.

Actuated by the wish to exert his powers to cure, he proves his honesty by the motto at once displaying his conviction of his capability, and showing his confidence in mankind, "*No Cure no Pay.*" The Doctor's office is No. 751 Clay St. opposite the Plaza Hotel., Plaza, San Francisco. 45

THE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE OF DR L. J. Czapkay, is already secured in a position which places it, as well as its proprietor, far above the assaults of envy and professional malice. In the schools of France, the highest prizes are awarded to practitioners in this department of Medical science, and they occupy with others, an equally lofty position in the profession. Ricord, is an illustrious example, a shining light among the philosophical stars of his age in Europe and Dr. Czapkay has fully equalled him in this country; as a proof of which, the Philadelphia College of Medicine complimented him with a Diploma and the honorary *ad eundem* degree. Selecting this as his field of operation although qualified as a graduate of the University of Pesth, and late Chief Surgeon of the Hungarian Revolutionary Army, for more extended labors, Dr. L. J. Czapkay, has bent his earnest attention to the cure of chronic and private diseases, in which he has become so great an expert that he is now regarded as the leader in this branch of his profession throughout the United States, and his portrait and biography are published as matter of interest to their readers in the most exclusive journals. The Doctor's offices are at his Medical and Surgical Institute, on Sacramento street, corner of Leidesdorf, nearly opposite the building of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

PLACER BREWERY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED this well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best

Wines and Liquors!

Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see me. J. F. MEYER.

March 13th, 1862.—tf

FASHION SALOON,

Main Street, Red Dog, Nevada County.

MCNALLY & PIERCE.....PROPRIETORS.

CONSTANTLY KEEP ON HAND LIQUORS, Wines and Cigars which they guarantee to be pure.

Syrups, Cordials and Beer.

Connected with the establishment are two elegant marble-bed Billiard tables for Carrom and Pocket games. ma27-tf.t

BANNER SALOON,

Main Street, Little York, Nevada County.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INforms the public that he is now prepared to furnish them with the

Best Liquors and Cigars,

and hopes by attention to business to receive a share of public patronage.

ma27—tf MARK ASHER.

DUTCH FLAT HOTEL,

Main Street, Dutch Flat.

CHAS. SEFFENS.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING RESUMED CONTROL OF THE Dutch Flat Hotel, the proprietor takes pleasure in announcing to his many friends, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to cater to all ther wants as he used to do, and solicits a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, assuring all that nothing shall be spared on his part to make it a first class hotel. The rooms in this house are all plastered, and are large, well aired apartments.

THE FURNITURE

In the house in new and commodious, and everything has been prepared with an especial object to the comfort of guests, making it a pleasant stopping place and an agreeable home for all.

THE TABLE

Will be found to be bountifully supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and guests attended by attentive and polite waiters.

The Stage Books

Are kept at this hotel, and persons can book their names for any portion of the State, and will be called for by the stages. ☞ This house is conducted upon strictly temperance principles. aug. 21-tf

OLD CORNER SALOON.

CLEMENT UREN .....PROPRIETOR.

THIS WELL KNOWN RETREAT CONTINues in full and successful operation. The present proprietor would invite the patronage of those partial to

Cool Lager and Fine Liquors!

always on hand. A polite and attentive barkeeper constantly in attendance to supply the wants of the patrons of the house. se10-tf

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

EMPIRE LIVERY STABLE,

(Opposite L. Arnstein's,)

Main Street, Dutch Flat, Placer County.

J. ARMSTRONG & CO.....Proprietors.

THIS STABLE IS NOW prepared to furnish the traveling public with the best

SADDLE HORSES!

To be found in the mountains. The stock at this stable have all been purchased with a view to their gentle and tractable qualities.

BUGGIES and CARRIAGES!

Constantly kept for hire, with or without drivers. This Stable presents superior inducements to caravans and other large companies.

☞ Horses boarded and groomed by the day, week, or month at reasonable rates. ☜ 51tf-

LIVERY AND STAGE STABLE.

Sacramento street, Dutch Flat.

THOMAS MORRIS,.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST convenient Stable in the place, offers superior accommodations to Teamsters and the traveling public. An extensive Wagon Yard is connected with the establishment.

Horses to let on Livery.

Animals stabled, boarded and groomed by the day, week or month, at reasonable rates.

49-tf

LUMBER! LMUBER!

THE DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL IS still in successful operation, where persons can secure the best lumber at the most reasonable rates. All orders filled with promptness, and lumber furnished on terms to make it an inducement or those in need of material to give us a call.

Sugar Pine Lumber

In large quantities, constantly on hand and for sale cheap. To those in want of lumber for

MINING PURPOSES!

We can supply orders with promptness, having superior facilities for sawing, we are enabled present better inducment for contracts.

To Builders and Contractors

Requiring lumber for building purposes, can be supplied with SEASONED LUMBER of every description on the shortest notice. All kinds of

LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.

J. JONES & CO.

June 20, 1860. tf

BLACKSMITHING.

WILLIAM UREN HAVING COMPLETED his new and spacious Blacksmith and Wheelwright shop on Main street, is now prepared to do every description of work in his line, on the shortest notice, and in a most reasonable, and in a unsurpassed manner by any estublishment in the State.

Particular attention paid to

MACHINERY.

SLEDGES, PICKS AND SHOVELS,

made, repaired, and warranted.

Horses, mules and oxen shod on the most approved plan.

Being thankful to the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity for patronage heretofore bestowed, he asks a continuance of the same, being confident he can *hammer* out his living to the satisfaction of those who may favor him with their work.

March 13, 1862—tf.

Dutch Flat Saw Mill.

THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having

Reduced the Prices!

to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity.

We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.

Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to

Miners and Builders

Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles. ALLEN TOWLE.

Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. t

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY!

HENRY RUNCKLE.....Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABlished Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment. Fresh

Bread, Cakes and Pies

always on hand, together with an excellent assortment of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars!

and an attentive and accommodating Bar tender always ready to attend to the *spiritual* wants of those who may favor him with a call.

MARCH 20, 1862.—tf

STOCK.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE THE UNdersigned will keep for sale, at Illinoistown, a number of good riding and work horses, milch cows, and fat beef cattle. Persons in want of either will find it to their advantage to call and examine the stock. All animals sold warranted as represented. Terms, CHEAP. JNO. KNEELAND.

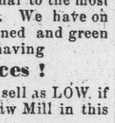
Illinoistown, May 6, 1862.-tf

UNION MARKET,

Main Street, Dutch Flat, Cal.

F. GROHS .....Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR HAVING bought out the former proprietor desires to inform the citizens of Dutch Flat that he will constantly keep on hand, the best assortment of



FRESH BEEF,

FRESH MUTTON,

FRESH PORK,

And Home-made Sausage to be had in the market. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Prices reasonable. Oct. 30-tf.

G. H. CUSHING. J. R. SELDEN

CUSHING & SELDEN,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

Nos. 56 and 58 K Street,

SACRAMENTO.

This old established house would renew the former assurances of shipping Wines, Liquors, Syrups, Cordials, etc., according to order, and guarantee satisfaction. ☞ Orders from the country solicited, and promptly attended to. jy3:tf.

GRAPES! GRAPES!

FRED. BURCKHALTER IS MY AUTHORized agent for the sale of fruit from my vineyard and orchard.

A supply kept constantly on hand.

All orders left with him will be promptly attended to.

Oct. 9, 1862.—1m. G. W. APPLEGATE.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOUIS GROSS.....C. B. PLUMMER.....J. R. BOKE

GROSS, PLUMMER & BOKE

DEALERS IN

Stationery, Blank, School, and Miscellaneous Books;

Choice Brands of Tobacco and Cigars, Genuine and Imitation Meerschaum Pipes,

CUTLERY,
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FRUIT,
CONFECTIONERY,
MUSIC,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
CAMPHENE,
COAL OIL,
LAMPS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
NEWSPAPERS,
MAGAZINES,
PERIODICALS, &c.

Subscriptions or advertisements received for any of the Sacramento or San Francisco papers.

Post Office, Main Street,

Store formerly occupied by L. Gross.

DUTCH FLAT, May 10, 1862.—tf.

PICTURES! PICTURES!

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATER,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THE undersigned is now prepared to take every description of likenesses at his Daguerrean Rooms on Main street, nearly opposite the Theater, on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms. All work executed warranted to give entire satisfaction.

aug15 tf O. B. SILVER.

THE FINEST STOCK OF

JEWELRY

Ever offered in town can be found at the store of

M. ANDREWS,

Commercial Street, Auburn.

CONSISTING OF GOLD, SILVER AND DIAmond Watches of the best English, Swiss, and American manufacture. Etruscan, Carbuncle, Pearl, Coral, Garnet, Quartz, Jet and Enamelled setts. Pins and Earrings of all styles and patterns. Band, Chain, Ribbon and Allumenam Bracelets. Diamond, Gold and Enamelled Lockets of all styles and patterns. Gold and Silver Thimbles, Quartz Seals, Chains and Gold Keys of all patterns. Vest Chains of Gold, Alumenum and Hair. Gold and Coral Neck chains of all styles and patterns. Gold, Jet, Etruscan, Garnet, and Imitation Diamond Crosses. Diamond, Ruby, Emerald, Opal, Regard, Enamelled, and Gold Rings of all styles and patterns. Gold and Enamelled Buckles—fine assortment. Gold and Quartz Slides Stone Cameo, Etruscan, Gold Stone, Carbuncle, Alumenum, and Gold Sleeve Buttons and Studs. Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles. Silver Card Cases, Cups, Butter Knives, Salt Spoons, etc. Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, of the best makers—a great variety. Silk, Hair, Ribbon and Leather Guards. Marine, Calendar and Office Clocks.

All of which I will sell at reduced prices for cash.

☞ Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

☞ All kinds of California Jewelry made to order.

Engraving and Cutting done with neatness and dispatch. M. ANDREWS.

Auburn, May 8, 1862.—tf.

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,

PRACTICAL

BOOK BINDER,

Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer,

517 Clay and 214 Commercial streets,

Between Montgomery and Sansome,

San Francisco.

☞ Binding of every description neatly executed; Blank Books Ruled and Bound to any desired Pattern.

Aug. 21, 1862-1y.

TO THE PEOPLE OF

PLACER COUNTY!

THERE BEING AN IMPRESSION AMONG the Merchants of the interior that during the floods at Sacramento I had abandoned the

FORWARDING BUSINESS

I now state that my doors were not closed three days during the flood, and trade was going on as usual, sending goods to all sections of California and Nevada Territory, and

At Lower Rates than any other FORWARDING HOUSE!

Also, with greater safety and dispatch. Have your goods marked to the care of

O. H. P. WHITE,

ap24-tf Sac. City.

Pacific Mail Steamship Company's

STEAMSHIP

Golden Gate,

Will leave Folsom Street Wharf,

On Monday,.....September 20

At 9 o'clock. A. M., punctually,

FOR PANAMA.

Passengers will be conveyed from Panama to Aspinwall by the Panama Railroad Company, and from Aspinwall to New York by the Atlantic and Pacific steamship Company.

FORBES & BABCOCK Agents,

Corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets,

18t San Francisco.

REDINGTON & CO.'S

SUPERIOR YEAST POWDERS.

WARRANTED TO MAKE LIGHT, sweet and nutritious

BREAD.

Equally adapted to

LOAVES,
HOT BISCUIT,
BUCKWHEAT,
AND OTHER CAKES,
GINGERBREAD, AND CAKES OF ALL KINDS.

WARRANTED
FULLY EQUAL
TO ANY
IN THE MARKET.

Ask for

Redington & Co.'s Yeast Powders,

and take no other, if you would have uniformly good bread.

Manufactured and sold at wholesale, by

REDINGTON & CO.,

409 and 411 Clay street,

April 17-3m San Francisco.

AUBURN DRUG STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG MORTAR,

Corner of Main and Washington Streets,

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.

Physicians prescriptions accurately compounded.

H. HAZELL, Apothecary.

SAFES! SAFES!

F. TILLMAN,

No. 90 BATTERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLE Agent for TILTON & McFARLAND'S celebrated Fire Proof and Burglar Safes. This Safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these Safes have been subject to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The Safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This Lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; it requires the key and combination to open the Safe. If the key should be abstracted from tee owner, it would be perjectly useless to the possessor without his knowing the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head. To those in want of a reliable Safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the market.

A large assortment on hand and to arrive.

6m F. TILLMAN, 90 Battery st.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST RECEIVED!

DR. D. W. STRONG.

Druggist and Pharmaceutist,

Main Street, Dutch Flat,

Has just received at the Dutch Flat Drug Stor a large and well selected Stock of

FRESH DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,
ECLECTIC and PATENT MEDICINES,
TRUSSES,
SUSPENSARIES,
HAIR OILS,
PERFUMERY,
COMBS,
BRUSHES,
STATIOFERY,
FINE CIGARS,
TOBAACCO, &c., &c.
Also:
WHITE LEAD,
CAMPHENE,
GLASS, PUTTY,
VARNISHES and
TURPENTINE.

Besides a large assortment of the new COAL OIL, Lamps and Kerosine Lamp Chimneys.

All of which will be disposed of

FOR CASH

As cheap if not cheaper than at any other establishment in the county.

All the Goods are of the BEST QUALITY, and have been selected with the greatest care, and purchasers can therefore rely upon obtaining a good article at a less cost than a POOR article would be sold for elsewhere. ☞ CALL AND SEE. ☜

June 5, 1861. tf

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA,

Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass.

This celebrated preparation has stood the test of six years with the California public—who are justly considered as a community the most intelligent in the world—during which period we are proud to say it has given more than satisfaction:—it has become the household remedy for Californians particularly, who, from much exposure, bad food, imperfect shelter and irregular habits, suffer more from

RHEUMATISM

Than any community in the world; and we are safe in saying that as a rule, California Rheumatism cannot be cured thoroughly without the use of

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA,

It is the only preparation that will cure Rheumatism, as thousands can testify who have tried the medicines of the best Doctors in the country, without receiving any benefit therefrom. It all cases it gives immediate relief when taken as per directions on the bottle.

FEMALES

in delicate health would do well to try the virtues of this remedy, as it insures a peculiar beneficial influence upon the vascular system not obtained by any other remedy. It quickly removes from the blood and other fluids the impurities of unhealthy secretions, which engenders a long train of diseases, such as Scrofula; Ulcers, Boils, Blotches and Pimples on the face and body, Humors, Pustules, Sores, Tumors, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Scald Head, Swelled Neck, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Chronic Sore Eyes, Gout, Cancer, Enlargement of the Ovaries, and diseases of the Heart, are cured by the renovating action of this truly valuable medicine. It acts like a charm, purifying the blood of all morbid and corrupt matter, and at the same time strengthens and invigorates the whole system.—Salt Rheum will positively yieid to the medical powers of this remedy, in conjunction with Hall's Rosemary Cerate, it has cured cases of over twenty years stanaing, the disease covering nearly the whole surface of the body.

MERCUIAL DISEASES

and all diseases arising from lead, mercury, and arsenic, such as aching pains in the bones, dimness of sight, low fevers, and worst of all, mercurial Rheumatism, are relieved by one bottle of this remedy. Night sweats, wasting of flesh, spitting of blood, habitual costiveness, and piles—thousands can testify to the efficacy of Hall's Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass in the above named diseases. It increases the appetite and the flesh, gives a healthy tone and vigor to the whole system, building up a new constitution. As the constitution is the blood and this remedy thoroughly purifies, cleanses, and purges it of impure matters, and at the same time stimulates into healthy action the whole Visceral System, which is engaged in the manufacture of the blood, hence the health of the whole system will follow, and a

LONG LIFE

with a healthy and cheerful mind—sure indications of a healthy body—can be obtained by the most delicate person, by thoroughly purging the blood in the Spring and Fall of the year, with

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA, YELLOW DOCK AND IODIDE OF POTASS.

Imitations,

Owing to the great and unparalleled success of the remedy, hundreds of unprincipled persons seek to palm off on the public, worthless trash called by the same name. The Genuine Hall's Sarsaparilla contains neither spirits, mercury or arsenic.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere for $1, and by the proprietors,

R. HALL & CO.,

sc110-6m 581 and 588 Clay str., San Francisco.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,

SANSOME STREET,

Opposite the American Theater,

an Francisco.

S. H. SEYMOUR,.....Proprietor.

THE UNDERSIGNED, LONG CONNECTED with the establishment as Book keeper, begs leave respectsully to inform the old patrons of the house, and the public generally, that he has leased from Mr. Bailey Sargent,

THIS MAGNIFICENT ESTABLISHMENT,

which will in future be entirely under his management and control, and where he will be pleased to see his old friends and the traveling public. He flatters himself that his experience in the business, and his long acquaintance with the people of California, will be a guarantee that no one will leave his house dissatisfied, and he pledges himself to spare no pains or expense in providing every means for the comfort and satisfaction of his guests,

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE is so well known to the people of California, that it seems almost unnecessary to say anything in praise, either of the building or its location. The Proprietor will only remark that it is inferior to no house in the State in all the requirements of a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, being in a central location and easy of access from all parts of the city. The ROOMS are large and WELL VENTILATED, and furnished with Spring Mattresses. Water has been introduced into all part of the house.

BATH ROOMS on the premises for the convenience of families.

Two Coaches are attached to the Hotel to convey passengers to and from the steamers.

my35-3m SIMON H. SEYMOUR.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

—AND—

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE,

Auburn, Placer County.

GEORGE H. STEPHENS,..... Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR HAVING RESUMED control of this first class hotel, and refitted it with new and desirable furniture are prepared to receive and accomodate visitors in a manner not surpassed by any house in the State. The house is situated in an eligible quarter of the town and presents many features to make it preferable as a stopping place.

The office of the California Stage Company is kept in the American and persons can book their names for any part of the State on any of the various lines. April 17-tf.

BLANKS! BLANKS!

AN EXCELLENT assortment of Legal Blanks just printed at the ENQUIRER office, such as

DEEDS, MORTGAGES, SUMMONS,
EXECUTIONS, ATTACHMENTS,
WARRANTS AND SUBPŒNAS.

BLANKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR sale at the ENQUIRER OFFICE.

BETTER LATE THAN NEVER.

Life is a race where some succeed,
While others are beginning;
'Tis luck at times, at others speed,
That gives an early winning.
But if you chance to fall behind,
No'er slacken your endeavor;
But keep this wholesome truth in mind,
'Tis better late than never.

If you can keep ahead, 'tis well,
But never trip your neighbor;
'Tis noble when you can excel
By honest, patient labor;
But if you are outstripped at last,
Press on as bold as ever;
Remember, though you are surpassed,
'Tis better late than never.

PRESENCE OF MIND.

1. If a man faints place him flat on his back and let him alone.

2. If any poison is swallowed, drink instantly half a glass of cold water, with a heaping tea-spoonful each of common salt and ground mustard stirred into it; this vomits as soon as it reaches the stomach; but for fear some of the poison may still remain, swallow the whites of one or two raw eggs, or drink a cup of strong coffee, these two being antidotes for a greater number of poisons than any dozen articles known, with the advantage of their being always at hand; if not, a half-pint of sweet oil, or "drippings," or melted butter or lard are good substitutes, especially if they vomit quickly.

3. The best thing to stop the bleeding of a moderate cut instantly is to cover it profusely with cobweb or flour and salt, half and half.

4. If the blood comes from a wound by jets or spirts, be spry, or the man will be dead in a few minutes, as an artery is severed; tie a hankerchief loosely around near the part between the wound and the heart; put a stick between the hankerchief and the skin, twist it around until the blood ceases to flow, and keep it there until the doctor comes; if in a position where the handkerchief cannot be used, press the thumb on a spot near the wound, between the wound and the heart; increase the pressure until the bleeding ceases, but do not lessen the pressure for an instant, until the physician arrives, so as to glue up the wound by a coagulation or hardening of the cooling blood.

5. If your clothing takes fire, slide the hands down the dress, keeping them as close to the body as possible, at the same time sinking to the floor by bending the knees; this has a smothering effect on the flames; if not extinguished, or a great headway is gotten, lie down on the floor, roll over and over, or better, envelope yourself in a carpet, bed-cloth, or any garment you can get hold of, always preferring woolen.

6. If any man asks you to go his security, say, "No," and run; otherwise you may be enslaved for life, or your wife and children may spend a weary existence, in want, sickness and beggary.

7. If you find yourself in possession of a counterfeit note or coin, throw it into the fire on the instant; otherwise, you may be tempted to pass it, and may pass it, to feel mean theafor as long as you live; then it may fall into some man's hands as mean as yourself, with a new perpetration of iniquity, the loss to fall eventually on some poor struggling widow, whose "all" it may be.

8. Never laugh at the mishaps of any fellow mortal.

9. The very instant you perceive yourself in a passion, shut your mouth; this is among the best precepts outside of inspiration.

10. The man who always exacts the last cent is always a mean man; there is no "exactment" in all the "Materia Medica" efficient enough to "purge" him of his debasement; he is beyond druggery.

11. Never affect to be "plain," or "blunt;" these are synonyms of brutality and boorishness; such persons are constantly inflicting wounds which neither time nor medicine can ever heal.

12. Never be witty at another's expense; true generosity never dwelt in such a heart; it only wants the opportunity to become a cheat or a rogue.

13. If the body is tired, rest; if the brain is tired, sleep.

14. If the bowels are loose, lie down in a warm bed, remain there, and eat nothing until you are well.

15. If an action of the bowels does not occur at the usual hour, eat not an atom until they do act, at least for thirty-six hours; meanwhile drink largely of cold water or hot teas, and exercise in the open air to the extent of a gentle perspiration, and keep this up till things are righted; this one suggestion, if practiced, would save myriads of lives every year, both in the city and country.

16. The three best medicines in the world are warmth, abstinence and repose.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

SEVEN NEGROES TAKE POSSESSION OF A WHITE MAN'S HOUSE.—We are informed by a gentlemen residing in the southern part of this township, that a few evenings since three big, ugly, black female niggers came to a farm house in his neighborhood and asked to stay all night. They were told that they "could not stay." A few minutes after the arrival of the wenches—the "contra's" having the affair all arranged—there came a second lot, consisting of four ugly, big male niggers. The family becoming still more frightened at this new feature in "politics," said they could give them their supper, but could not possibly accommodate them through the night. The darkies, thinking there was no "millenium" about that kind of talk, spoke up all about the same time and all in about the same strain, as follows: "O yes, dat's de way we am served; you white people in de Norf told us to run away from our masters, an' would treat us like brudders; and dis de way we am treated." A lively war of words ensued, in fear on the part of the white family, but in an insolent and determined manner on the part of the negroes. They took the supper, and not only that, but they stayed all night, against the remonstrance of the proprietors of the house, and never said so much as "thanky." The beauty of the thing is, however, the whole of this white family, who were made slaves to niggers on this occasion, and had been pretty well abolitionized, arose the next morning with the dawn, most effectually cured of abolitionism, and as good democrats as that ism generally makes, and it makes them, when it does make, most *awfully sound!* This is only the beginning. Before a great while these runaway blacks will be among us as thick as five in a bed.—*Perry County (Ohio) Union.*

WEIGHT OF CATTLE BY MEASUREMENT.—The *Farmer's Gazette* (an Irish paper) gives the following as an approximate rule for obtaining by measurement the dead weight of cattle: "Take the girth in inches behind the fore-arm, square it, by multiplying it by itself; multiply that by the length, taken in inches, from the top of the shoulder to a line perpendicular to the buttocks; multiply that product by the decimal .07958, and divide it by 576, which reduces it to stones of 14 pounds each, 8 of which make one hundred weight."

A POOR fellow sometimes drives ostentatiously a pair of grays when he is driven by a score of duns.

WORDS are often signs of ideas, and quite as often of the want of them.

TIME tells wonders.

A ROMAN, being about to repudiate his wife, among a variety of other questions, was asked by her enraged kinsmen: "Is not your wife a sensible woman? Is she not handsome?" In answer to which, slipping off his shoe, he held it up, asking them: "Is not this shoe a very handsome one? Is it not quite new? Is it not extremely well made? How, then, is it that none of you can tell me where it pinches?"

THE Shakers at Lebanon Springs, New York, among their rules relating to visitors, have the following: "Married persons tarrying with us over night, are respectfully notified that each sex will occupy separate sleeping apartments while they remain. This rule will not be departed from under any circumstances." A friend says he was reading this to a married lady when she innocently remarked: "How foolish that is, ain't it?"

"ARE you fond of hymn singing? Take a note of a few. The first is, the hymn we heard in meeting the last time—Oh, take a pil, oh, take, oh take a pil, oh take a pil-grim home."

The hymn we heard—treble and soprano by the fairer portion of creation—"Oh, for a man, oh, for a man, oh for a mansion in the skies."

The one Plunkins heard the base singer at—"Oh send down Sal, oh send down Sal, oh send down Sal-vation."

PERSONS without front teeth have been held to be exempt from the draft on account of their not being able to bite a cartridge. In consequence of this several young men have had their teeth pulled. But now an order from the War Department prescribes that the toothless persons shall not be exempt from the draft but will be taken for artillery service.

A Mrs. Boots having run away from her husband, an English paper observes that it opposes they are now right and left."

HEBRAIC.—The present Jewish year is known as 5622.

GROVER & BAKER'S
Noiseless
Sewing Machines!
For Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ **Prices from $60 Upwards.** ☜

Over 50,000 in Use!

WE beg to assure the public that the well known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of our manufacture. Every Machine sold by us *IS WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

Card from the Grover & Baker S. M. Company.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Mrchines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. All machines sewing from the spools and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will are infringements.

GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A Card from Elias Howe, Jr.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew front two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the *GROVER & BAKER SEWING COMPANY*, or their Agents, or Licenses, and stamped under my patent of September, 10, 14.

Said Company and their Licenses, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and my said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machines, and all others are piracies upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

☞ The attention of Tailors and Manufacturers, who prefer the "lock stitch," is calld to our

Improved Shuttle Machines,

which are speedily adapted to their requirements

—AND—

☞ **THE BEST IN USE** ☜

R. G. BROWN, Agent,
329 (91) Montgomery street,
San Francisco.

SAMUEL JELLY, 124 J st. Sacramento City;
J. T. ALLMENT, 156 Second st., Marysville;
J. L. WOODMAN, Main street, Stockton;
GEO. D. DONIN, North San Juan;
J. F. BARSS, Placerville;
D. E. GORDON, Weaverville;
T. A. SPRINGER, Jackson. je26-tf

GEORGE W. HEPPARD,
House Sign and Ornamental PAINTER,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

Every description of work executed in the best style. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. ap3-tf

FRENCH, WILSON & CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO,
Make the best Clothing:
Furnishing Goods, all kinds.
Retailing for cash, at Wholesale Prices.
Largest and Best Stock of
CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS,
TRUNKS,
CARPET BAGS,
UMBRELLAS,
VALISES, &c.
To be found in any Retail House in Caliofrnia.

Goods suitable for traveling purposes in any climate.

We have fitted up a custom department in connection with our former business, and employ over seventy-five Tailors to make up fine clothing to order. We have the best cutter on this coast, which enables us to guarantee a perfect fit in all cases, without alteration.

Our stock of cloths, cassimeres and Vestings are the finest imported from Paris or New York this season.

☞ Strangers visiting the city will please call and leave their measure, free of charge.

April 17-1y FRENCH, WILSON & CO.

THOMAS BOYCE'S
ADVERTISING AGENCY,

North-east corner of Montgomery and Washington streets, San Francisco. Agent for the following papers:

ENQUIRER, Dutch Flat.
Butte Record, Oroville,
Republican, Shasta,
Sierra Citizen, Downieville,
Tribune, San Jose,
Placer Herald, Auburn,
Union Democrat, Sonora,
San Andreas Independant;
Amador Sentinel, Jackson,
Mountain Messenger, La Porte,
Crescent City Herald,
Mariposa Democrat,
Pacific Sentinel, Santa Cruz,
Siskiyou Chronicle, Yreka,
Solano Co. Sentinel Benicia,
El Clamor Publico, Los Angeles,
Alameda County Gazette,
Oregon Sentinel, Jacksonville O. T,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

R. H. McDONALD, C. SPENCER
IMPORTING DRUG HOUSE,
...OF...
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO.

WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR LARGE and carefully selected stock of superior

Drugs and Medicines,	Retorts and Crucibles,
Chemicals of all kinds,	Druggists Glassware,
Solid and Fluid Extracts	Brewers' Stock,
Shakers' Herbs,	Soda Water Material,
Electic Preparations,	Paints and Oils,
Patent Medicines,	Kerosene and Coal Oils,
Fancy Goods,	Lard and Sperm Oils,
Trusses & Shoulder Br's,	Camphene & burning fluid
Abdominal Supporters,	Alcohol in Tin,
Assayers' Materials,	

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be undersold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Druggists,
Sacramento.

The undersigned offer for sale:
100 Carboys Oil Vitrol, "Eastern;"
3000 lbs Nitric Acid, strong;
1500 lbs Citric Acid;
1000 lbs Muriatic Acid;
2000 lbs Powdered Tartaric Acid;
50 casks super Carb Soda;

300 ozs sulph Quinine,	10 bbls refined Lamp black,
90 ozs Strychnine pure,	20 bbls Irish Moss.
75 ozs Sulph Morphine,	700 ozs Wright's Pills.
100 lbs Iodide Potassa,	50 gros Brandreths Pills,
125 lbs Chloroform,	100 gro Moffats Ayers, Jaynes, Lees and McLanes Pills,
100 lbs Calomel,	100 doz Myers Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock.
1000 lbs Spts Nitre and Aq Ammonia,	600 doz Lyons Katharion,
600 lbs Balsam Copaiba,	500 doz Jules Haules & Co's extracte Hair Oil, Colognes &c,
750 lbs Gum Arabic white,	75 boxes Castli soap genuine,
2000 lbs Flors Sulphur,	90 cases best Olive Oil,
600 lbs Oil Lemon Bergamot,	3000 lbs Sal Soda,
Orquanum, Peppermint,	50 bbls Rosin,
Spruce and Almonds,	100 bbls Plaster Paris,
3200 gallons Kerosene Oil,	40 bbls Marble Dust,
1100 gallons pure Lard Oil in tins,	30 bbls Whiting,
800 gallons Camphene,	3000 lbs Shakrrs Herbs fresh,
1200 gallons Alcohol 95 per ct. in tins,	400 lbs pure Ground Sago, fresh,
1100 gallons Linseed Oil,	1000 lbs pressed Hops in ¼ ½ and 1 lb papers.
1000 gallons Neatsfoot Polar and China Nut Oil,	1260 lbs Refined Borax,
Paint Brushes,	Varnishes of all kinds,
White Wash Brushes,	3000 lbs assorted Paints in cans,
Hair Brushes,	1 ton Putty in Bladders and tins,
Tooth Brushes,	30 bbls Dye Woods.
Feather Dusters,	

10 cases Isinglass;
25 bbls Canary, Hemp, Flax and Coriander seeds. In quantities to suit, all at the lowest prices. Orders respectfully solicited.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing and Wholesale Druggists,
Sacramento.

DENTAL IMPORTING HOUSE.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
SACRAMENTO CITY, CAL.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth,	Ivory Handled Pluggers, and Scalers,
Gum Teeth, large assort't,	Steel and Wire Handled
Teeth for Vulcanite work,	Pluggers and Scalers,
gum & plain, great variety	Excavators, durrs & drills
Jones & White's gold foil,	Screws, Punches, Hooks,
Abbey & Son's Gold Foil,	Brushes and Carundum
Watt's Crystal Foil and	Wheels,
Sponge Gold,	Grind Stones and Polish
Tin Foil and Platina plate	Powders,
Gold Plate and Solder,	Lathes,
Dental chairs & head rests	Mouth Mirrors, different
Forceps, a large variety,	patterns.
Files of all kinds,	

Dental Cases.

Chevaller's Best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, &c. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Prices according to size and style—from $75 to $175 each.

Anatomical Preparations.

Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved, exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.

Vulcanizers, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists, all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.

Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento, Cal.

Trusses, Supporters, Etc.

Gum Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Abdominal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.

Brewers' Stock.

Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms by

R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Soda Water Material.

Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust, Soda Twine. Everything in the line. For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Assayer's Material.

Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line.

Eclectic Medicines.

We are constantly receiving per express, additional supplies from the manufactories.

TILDON'S SUGAR COATED PILLS, of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles. For sale by R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento.

Perfumery.

We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories. For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

PAINT, OILS, AND VARNISHES.

Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire-Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

COAL AND KEROSENE OILS.

Burning Fluid, Lamp Oil, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.

Patent Medicines.

We are agents for the following known Medicines and offer them at REDUCED PRICES:

Sands Sarsaparilla.	Jaynes Sanative Pills,
Ayers Sarsaparilla,	Jaynes Ague Pills,
Myers Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock,	Ayers Pills,
Jaynes Expectorant,	Moffats Pills,
Jaynes Alterative,	Cheesmans Pills,
Jaynes Hair Tonic.	Tildens Fluid Extracts,
Ayers Pectoral and Ague cure,	Tildens Sugar Coated pills
Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry.	Tildens Pearls of Ether and Chloroform,
	Moffats Phœnix Bitters,

R. H. M'DONALD, J. C. SPENCER
R. H. M'DONALD & CO.,
IMPORTING
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
SACRAMENTO.

Constantly on hand and for sale, at low rates, the largest stock in California of choice
Drugs and Medicines,
Glassware, Extracts,
Patent Medicines,
Paints and Oils, Camphene,
Soda Water Stock,
Brewers' Materials,
Dental Instruments,
Gold Foil,
Gum and Plain Teeth,
Surgical Instruments, etc., etc.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Wholesale Druggists,
Aug. 14, 3m, Sacramento.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

TURNERS'
Forest Wine Bitters,
The Greatest Remedy of the Age.
FOR THE CURE OF
DYSPEPSIA,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
WEAKNESS OF STOMACH,
Or derangement of the Digestive Organs.
"Turners' Forest Wine Bitters."

Are sure to regulate the stomach, the main avenue to the whole body;
Are surs to counteract Billiousness, when in a malarious climate;
Are sure to agree with the most weakly, as well as the most robust person;
Are sure to create a good appetite;
Are very pleasant to the taste as a beverage,
Are economical and cheap.
All travelers should carry these bitters with them, to prevent Billiousness and Fevers caused by change of climate and water.
Seamen should carry them to prevent Scurvy Ship Fever, and the like, when they are deprived of cooling, nutritious vegetables.

They are a very rich, nutritious Wine, formed by the addition of nine different kinds of roots, barks and herbs, making a very palatable as well as one of the most nourishing Bitters in the known world.

Sold Wholesale by
TURNER BROTHERS,
Corner Washington and Franklin streets, N. Y.
Niagara street, Buffalo, N. Y.
Corner Broadway and Fulton streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.
And for sale by Merchants and Druggists, everywhere.

Turner's Ginger Wine!
TURNER'S GINGER WINE!!
TURNER'S GINGER WINE!!!

This article is prepared from pure White and Jamacia Ginger Root, in such manner as to form the best and most pleasant Tonic ever introduced; and is an invaluable remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and for all diseases where a gentle stimulant is required to bring the system into healthy action:

One Million Gallons, in Barrels and Casks, sold Annually.

Throughout the world, and thereby proving its unepualed and unrivaled merits. It has received the approbation of the Medical Faculty throughout the United States, and wherever known.

Sold Wholesale by
TURNER BROTHERS,
Corner Washington and Franklin streets, N. Y.
Niagara street, Buffalo, N. Y.
Corner Broadway and Front streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.
And for sale by Merchants and Druggists, everywhere.

TURNERS' ESSENCE OF Jamacia Ginger!

This article, like the Ginger Wine, is carefully and elaborately prepared and selected from the best quality of articles. It possesses all the true properties of the JAMAICA GINGER, and we do not hesitate to warrant it to be free from any and every injurious or irritating properties.

It is not only harmless, but it is eminently beneficial in all cases where a warm Cordial or a grateful stimulant is required. Especially is this the dose when there is felt by the patient a sense of exhaustion, arising from either heat or fatigue. Under such circumstances a few drops taken in half a tumbler of water, with a little sugar, will be useful. It will be found in such cases a pleasant and effective restorative; on this account this essence is a highly important addition to the voyager and traveler's portmanteau. It is also important to the family collection of remedies for diseases.

When there is a great Nausea, of the Stomach, or Oppression of Spirits, arising from imperfect digestion, from riding in a carriage, or from the motion of a vessel at sea, this Essence if taken in accordance with the above directions will be found invariably to give relief.

In ordinary Diarrhœa, incipient Cholera, and indeed in all diseases by which the nervous system may become prostrated, and the digestive organs deranged, this Essence will be found most invaluable.

TURNER BROTHERS,
Corner Washington and Franklin streets, N. Y.
Niagara street, Buffalo, N. Y.
Corner Broadwry and Front streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.
And for sale by Merchants and Druggists, everywhere.

TURNER BROTHERS,
Manufacturers of every description of
SYRUPS,
CORDIALS,
BITTERS, &C.,
Corner Front and Broadway Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO CAL.,
June 21, 1862.—6 m.

ALL HEALING
JAPANESE SALVE!

The Japanese Salve is the best preparation that has been discovered for the cure of

Poison from Poison Oak,

MOSQUITO BITES,
CUTS,
SPRAINS,
BURNS,
PILES,
BOILS,
BRUISES,
CORNES,
CHILLBLAINS,
GUNSHOT WOUNDS,
SORE NIPPLES,
NURSING SORE BREASTS,
And in fact all kinds of Sores.

For Sale by REDINGTON & CO.,
may 1-6m Agents, San Francisco.
D. W. STRONG, Dutch Flat

DISSOLUTION.—THE CO-PARTNERship heretofore existing between C. M. Kopp and C. Peffgen, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 14th instant. All persons having claims against the old firm will present them for settlement to C. M. Kopp, and those indebted will please call and settle.

July 16. 1862.—1m. C. M. KOPP,
C. PEFFGEN.

The undersigned will continue the business at the old stand, and solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended. C. M. KOPP.

FOR SALE.
Homesteads and Valuable Real Estate.
Building Lots from $10 to $200 Each.
Also, 50 Vara Lots and Entire Blocks of
Beautiful Garden Land!

IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, on the line of the San Jose Railroad, at the WEST-END DEPOT. The title is absolutely PERFECT, being a Spanish Grant, finally confirmed and patented by the United Staies.

The Shafter Bill respects this Title,
The City Authorities respect it,
The District Courts and the Supreme Courts of the United States respect it.

Besides the
Title has been forever quieted by a Final Decree and Judgment against the City.

So that there is not even a cloud or shadow upon it. Whoever purchases one of these lots will buy a lot and not a lawsuit.

Office No. 19 Naglee's Building, corner of Montgomery and Merchant streets, San Francisco.
ap3-3m HARVEY S. BROWN.

BLANKS! BLANKS!

AN EXCELLENT assortment of Legal Blanks just printed at the EQUIRER office, such as DEEDS, MORTGAGES, SUMMONS, EXECUTIONS, ATTACHMENTS, WARRANTS AND SUBPŒNAS.

SAN FRANCISCO ADVERTISENENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
NEW STYLE
IMPROVED
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES
ALL FORMER OBJECTIONS OVERCOME
No Leather pad used in the
NEW STYLE MACHINES!
THE NEW STYLE HEMMER
AND
TRANSPARENT CLOTH PRESSER!!
ARE ATTACHED TO THE
IMPROVED MACHINE.
PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.
—THE—
MISSION WOLLEN MILLS
—USE—
WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINES!
IN MAKING UP
OVER-SHIRTS, COATS, SUITS, &c.
They now use from 40 to 50 constantly, and are turning out
THE FINEST GOODS
In the Market.
☞ *SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.* ☜

H. C. HAYDEN, Agent
Corner Sacramento and Montgomery streets,
o10-tf SAN FRANCISCO.

SICK MEN AND WOMEN.
What Constitutes Health?

RICH PURE BLOOD, NATURAL PERSPIration, Good Appetite for Food, Sleep, Exercise and the enjoyments of Nature, with strength of Body, Mind and Limbs—Activity of the Liver, and all other Natural Functions; such a state is felt by all after using

DR. WEBBER'S
Invigorating Cordial Sanguifier!

To many the above may seem extravagant praise of this concoction, but if they could see (as I have) the many whom this has restored to health, they would not be surprised at any language used in its praise. To offer more certificates is useless; at least eighty have already been published, and only the thick-headed, self-wise skeptic and unbeliever can doubt that it is the most blessed health-restorer and strength-giver ever invented by man. It restores and permanently invigorate the broken down system. Nay, more; it replaces natural weakness with strength. The desponding it revives, the feeble it endows with vigor, and the cheerfulness and strength which it restores or creates, it also preserves. To the sickly wife it imparts that degree of vital force necessary to the crowning joy and great object of matrimony. To the debilitated husband it gives the nervous and muscular energy which characterizes manhood. In all cases of nervous disease, low spirits, indigestion, liver complaint, indisposition to mental exertion, lassitude, emaciation, impotence, etc., in fact, in all complaints, acute ane chronis, which depress and weigh down the mind and body, it is an absolute, infallible specific.

Nature's Own Remedy for Man Sickness.

That creates, reproduces new and pure blood—that acts on the liver, heart, brain, intestines, limbs and chest--that revolutionizes the whole system—gives strength to the most debilitated and weak—that contains no mineral or other poison. Such is, in truth, DR. JACOB WEBBER'S JUSTLY FAMOUS INVIGORATING CORNIAL SANGUIFIER.

The extraordinary and strange cures effected by this beautiful herbal concoction, has astonished all. It seems to suit every constitution. THE OLD, THE FEEBLE, THE LANGUID, now feel new life and blood is given them. The roue, the dissipated debauchee, the weak from long disease, taking too much medicine, calomel and other mineral poisons; the young man whose manhood is wasted, where nature's functions are inert and lifeless, experiences the bliss of ROBUST AND VIGOROUS MANHOOD; his appetite is good, his sleep is quiet and refreshing, his mind and memory clear and certain.

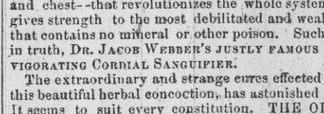
☞ Sold in quart bottles by Reddington & Co., and Crane & Brigham, San Francisco, and all Druggists in California.

And by D. W. STRONG, Dutch Flat.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, whose personal appearance, fortune, and position is A No. 1, wishes to unite himself to a lady with similar qualifications. The advertiser being sincere, will here describe himself: and although he is young in appearance, he will admit himself on the "shady side of fifty." The advertiser is of medium stature, neither too fat nor too lean; dark eyes and expressive countenance; and he must here confess he is vain in stating that he has the most snowy white teeth, (natural ones,) hands, brow and skin as clear as a child's; his hair and whiskers are deep brown, and he can assure all that these latter beauties were given him by using for two months Lafont's West India Soap Teeth Root for his yellow teeth, and Jones' Coral Hair Restorative on his gray, coarse hair, and by shaving and washing with Jones' Italian Soap. His coarse, wrinkled skin and hands have thus been made white and clear. These beautiful articles can be had reasonacle at every drug store in California and Oregon.

CRANE & BRIGHAM,
oc17-1y San Francisco, Agents.



JOHN R. SIMS,
Successor to Sims and Fraser,
Oregon street, between Front and Davis, Washington and Jackson, San Francisco.

MANUFACTURER OF FIRE PROOF DOORS AND SHUTTERS, BANK VAULTS, GRATING, CEMETERY RAILING, BALCONIES, &c., &c.

All orders from the Interior, Oregon and Washington Territory, or any place on the Pacific coast, attended to with promptness and dispatch.

MR. SIMS appreciates the past liberal patronage of his friends, and trusts he may continue to merit it in the future. For the information of strangers, he would say, that he feels confident that his experience in his particular calling, is surpassed by none on this coast, which his superior work, sent to almost every town in California, Oregon, also Victoria, and the Sandwich Islands, and to be seen on some of the best buildings in San Francisco, fully attest.

Also—a very large lot of second hand shutters of various dimensions, all for sale, at very low rates.
June 12-6m.

James Conner's Sons'
U. S. TYPE FOUNDRY,
Wm. Faulkner & Son, Agents,
No. 526 Sansome street, San Francisco, Cal.

☞ Every article necessary for a complete News and Job Printing Office, furnished at the lowest prices.

Also, Agents for Taylor's, Gordon's, Degener's, Newbury's, Potter's and Hawkes' Presses. ap3-1y

MEDICAL.

DR. J. C. YOUNG,
LATE PROFESSOR OF THE UNIVERSITY PENNSYLVANIA.

Can be found at 751 Clay Street, opposite the Plaza Hotel, San Francisco, California.

Where he can be consulted privately and with the utmost confidence by the afflicted, at all hours, daily (from 9, A. M., until 8, P. M.) *Cure guaranteed or no pay required. Consultation by letter or otherwise,* FREE.

DR. J. C. YOUNG'S Private Medical and SURGICAL ESTABLISHMENT occupies the entire upper part of that new and spacious building **No. 751 Clay Street,** rendering it strictly private, with no fear of meeting other than those connected with the office, and *devoted exclusively to the treatment of Private Diseases of whatever nature.*

Dr. Young would call the attention of those requiring private treatment to the fact of its seclusion and perfect safety with which they can come and go without fear of interruption. The long practice of Dr. Young in the treatment of private diseases, *and all irregularities peculiar to Females,* has met with unprecedented success, and his well earned reputation so deservedly great renders the sufferers of both sexes able to judge of his capabilities. Dr. Young has taken this large buiding the better to afford his patients coming from a distance, and wishing a private residence all the comforts of a home. The Doctor would particularly call the attention of Ladies whom circumstances should render desirous of quiet and seclusion for a time, to his establishment where may be enjoyed all the necessary comforts of a *Lying-in Hospital;* with the advantage of *Private Attendance* and constant Medical attention.

Constitutional Debility.

DR. YOUNG addresses those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgence in that secret and solitary habit which ruin the body and mind, unfitting them either for business or society. The following are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, nervousness, irritability, derangement of the digestive functions, general debility, symptoms of consumption, &c. MENTALLY, the fearful effects upon the mind are more to be dreaded. Loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion to society, self-distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c, are most of the evils produced.

All persons who are affected with any of the above symptoms should not fail to call on DR. YOUNG, and be at once restored to perfect health. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but immediately, go and save yourself from the dreadful and awful consequences of this terrible malady.

WEAKNESS OF THE ORGANS immediately cured and full vigor returned.

Advice to the Young.

YOUNG MAN, HAVE YOU CONTRACTED that terrible disease, which, when once seated in the system, will surely go down from one generation to another, undermining the constitution and sapping the very vital fluids of life? Do not trust yourself in the hands of those mushroom Quacks that start up every day and fill the papers with abominable falsehoods, too well calculated to deceive the young and those not "posted up" in the tricks of the foreign and domestic imposters.

You cannot be too careful in the selection of a Physician, or a remedy, in these cases. You should apply to a man who has had ample experience, and possesses true skill in the treatment thereof. Such a Physician is Dr. J. C. YOUNG, who has treated and cured more cases of such diseases than any *one man* living to day, in this or any other country. His offices were the first that were opened in this city for the exclusive treatment of private diseases. His different publications have been republished in almost every country in Europe, and are now acknowledged as standard works, by our own medical colleges, and the profession throughout the country.

Dr. Young, by recent improvements in the healing art, is enabled to effect cures in a few days, without mercury, or change of diet, under a challenge of

Five Thousand Dollars!

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should consult Dr. Young.

Young Men,

Especially who have become the victims of solitary vice, that dreadful, fascinating and destructive habit, which fills thousands of sick rooms with paralytic and consumptives, and hundreds of untimely graves, with its misguided victims, should consult, without a moment's delay, one who will sympathize with their sufferings, and cure them for a moderate compensation. Indeed, he who places himself under the care of Dr. J. C. YOUNG, may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician, acknowledged by all the wealthiest and most respectable portion of our inhabitants.

Office, 751 Clay street, opposite the Plaza Hotel, Plaza.

Great Female Medicine!
The Greatest Discovery of this, or any other Age

DR. YOUNG'S PREVENTIVE POWDERS, for married ladies. These Powders will be found of essential value to those whose means, health or other circumstances do not permit them to increase the number of their family without great inconvenience, suffering, or perhaps risk of life. This preparation is new, safe, infallible, convenient, simple, and cannot injure the health of the most delicate. Nor does it curtail matrimonial privileges in the least. *Morally considered,* this preparation is of the highest utility, and sustained by the soundest principles of prudence, economy and virtue. It shows how a chemical effect may be produced, scientifically, and without injury to the constitution, which thousands attempt to accomplish by the most unwise and dangerous means, *operations, &c.* Young married people, whose circumstances do not warrant too rapid an increase of family, will find this preparation most valuable.

To those who feel that their physical condition and health is totally unfit for them to become the mothers of numerous offspring, and who reasonably fear that each period of confinement will terminate their existence, will hail the discovery of this certain means of relief with unbounded joy. Let such unfortunate and unhappy wives lose no time in obtaining this medicine, it will be to them a precious boon through life, and prevent many an early and premature grave.

That all may avail themselves of the PREVENTIVE Dr. Young has fixed the price at $10, which carefully used will last six months. Upon the receipt of the $10 a package of the PREVENTIVE, with full directions for use will be forwarded by Mail or Express to any part of the State.

All communications must be addressed to
DR. J. C. YOUNG,
751 Clay Street, opposite the Plaza Hotel, Plaza,
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